

The Origins of The Modern Horse,

The Noblest Conquest Of Mankind



Lorlando@snm.ku.dk
+4521849646

Horses As Keys To Past Societies

A Windows Into The History of Civilisation



Horses Had A Far-Reaching Impact On Human Societies

Transportation, Communication, Warfare, Agriculture





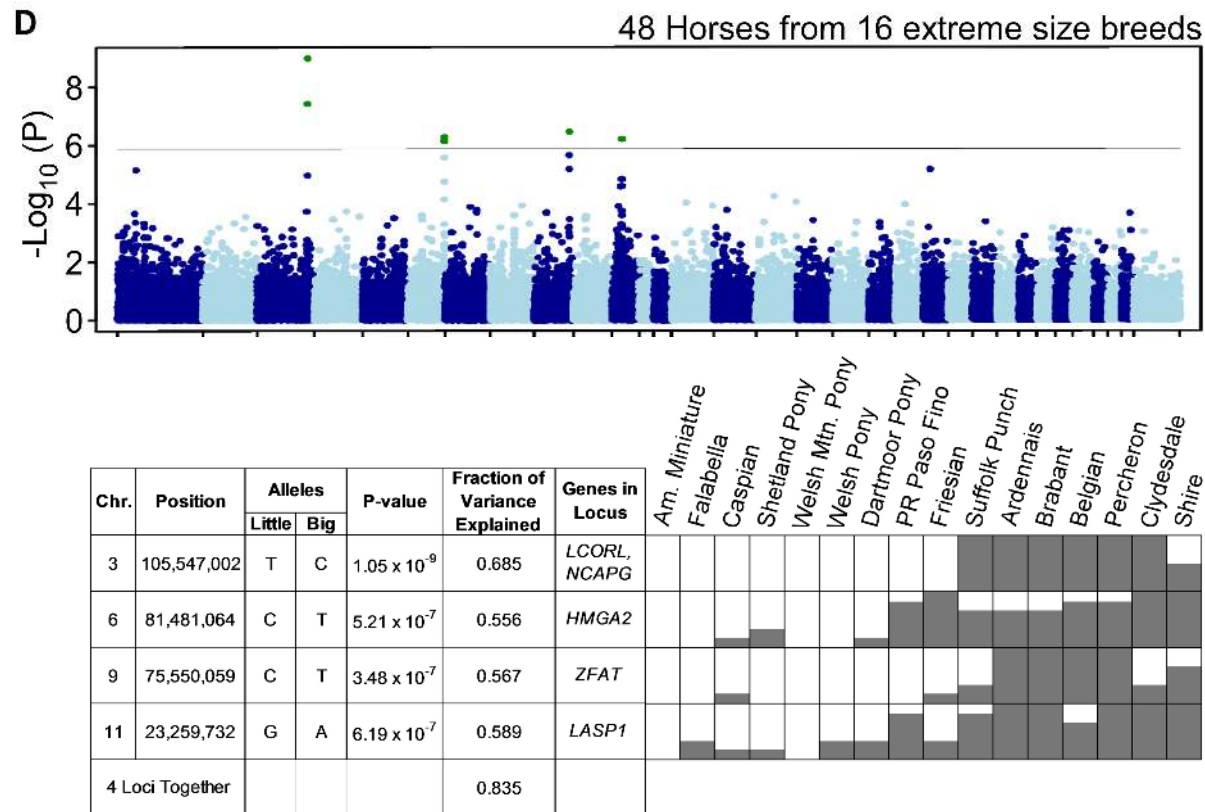
Domesticated Horses, A Mine For Geneticists

An Extra-ordinary Phenotypic Diversity



Deciphering The Genetic Makeup of (Complex) Traits

An Extra-ordinary Phenotypic Diversity



Makvandi-Nejad et al. PLoS One (2012)
Four Loci Explain 83% of Size Variation in the Horse

The Process of Horse Domestication

A Windows Into Evolution

ANIMALS AND PLANTS

INDEX

DOMESTICATION.

By CHARLES DARWIN, M.A., F.R.S., &c.

SECOND EDITION, REVISED. FOURTH THOUSAND.

IN TWO VOLUMES.—Vol. I.

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS.

LONDON:
JOHN MURRAY, ALBEMARLE STREET.
1875.

The right of Translation is reserved.

CONTENTS.

INTRODUCTION Pages 1-14

CHAPTER I.

DOMESTIC DOGS AND CATS.

ANCIENT VARIETIES OF THE DOG—RESEMBLANCE OF DOMESTIC DOGS IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES TO NATIVE CANINE SPECIES—ANIMALS NOT ACQUAINTED WITH MAN AT FIRST TRAILERS—DOGS RESEMBLING WOLVES AND JACKALS—HABIT OF BARKING—ACQUIRED AND LOST—FERAL DOGS—FAVORABLE EYE-SIGHT—PERIOD OF GESTATION—OFFENSIVE ODOR—FERTILITY OF THE RACES WHEN CROSSED—DIFFERENCES IN THE SEVERAL RACES IN PART DUE TO DESCENT FROM DISTINCT SPECIES—DIFFERENCES IN THE SKULL AND TEETH—DIFFERENCES IN THE BODY, IN CONSTITUTION—FEW IMPORTANT DIFFERENCES HAVE BEEN FIXED BY SELECTION—DIRECT ACTION OF CLIMATE—WATER-DOGS WITH PALMATED FEET—HISTORY OF THE CHANGES WHICH CERTAIN ENGLISH RACES OF THE DOG HAVE GRADUALLY UNDERGONE THROUGH SELECTION—EXTINCTNESS OF THE LESS IMPROVED SUB-SPECIES.

CATS, CROSSED WITH SEVERAL SPECIES—DIFFERENT BREEDS FOUND ONLY IN SEPARATED COUNTRIES—DIRECT EFFECTS OF THE CONDITIONS OF LIFE—FERAL CATS—INDIVIDUAL VARIABILITY 15-50

CHAPTER II.

HORSES AND ASSES.

HORSE—DIFFERENCES IN THE BREEDS—INDIVIDUAL VARIABILITY OF—DIRECT EFFECTS OF THE CONDITIONS OF LIFE—CAN WITHSTAND MUCH COLD—BREEDS MUCH MODIFIED BY SELECTION—COLORES OF

How Did Humans Transform Wild Animals Into Domesticates?

Domestication Provides A Textbook Example Of Evolution

Horse Comparative Genomics

Przewalski's Horses



- IUCN: EW (1996), CE (2008), EN (2011)
- Major Demographic Bottleneck (12 Founders)
- Possibly Admixed

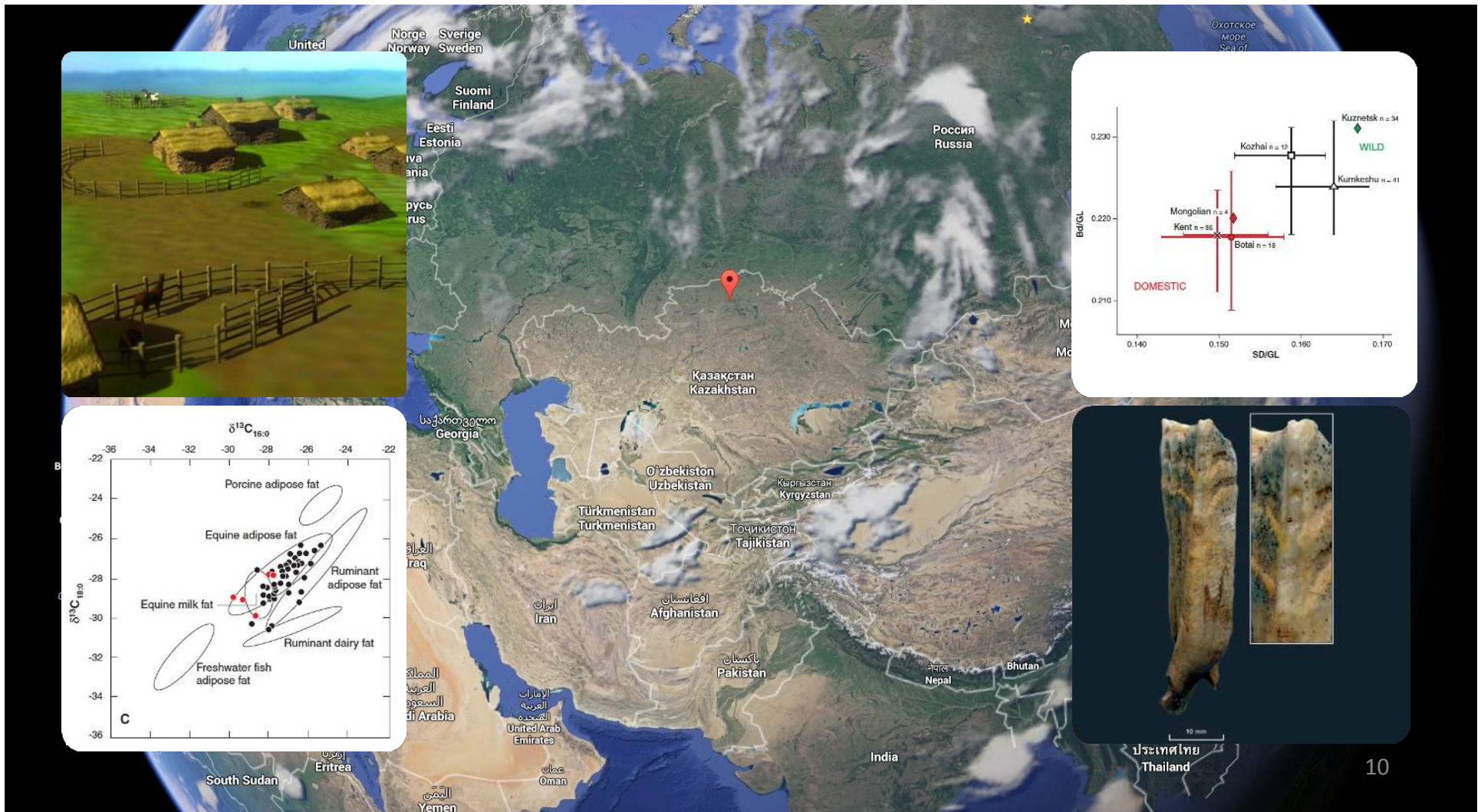
Engaging Into Conservation Priorities

When Did We First Domesticate Horses?

Horse Domestication

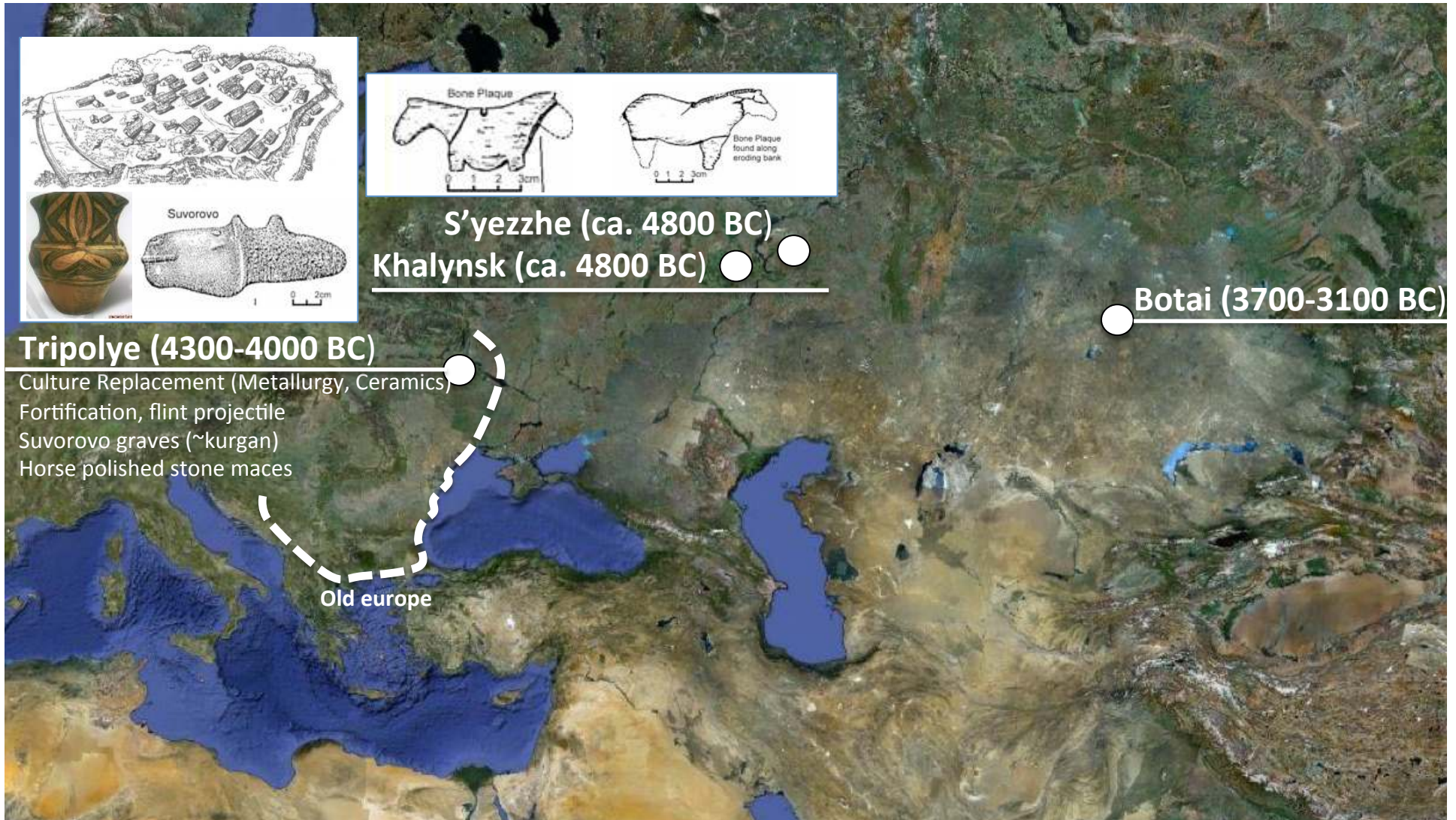
The Earliest Evidence of Horse Milking and Harnessing

Botai – 5,500 years ago



Horse Domestication

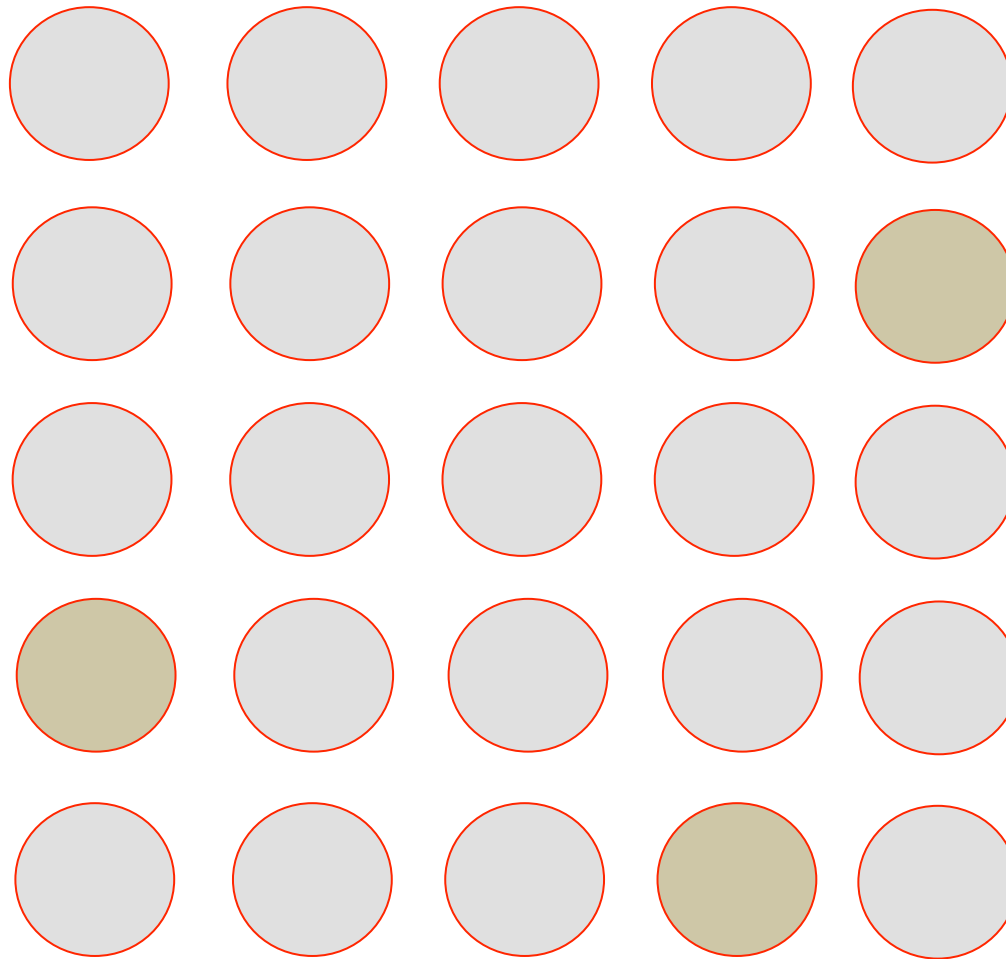
Pre-Botai Horse Domestication: David Anthony's Scenario



What Can We Learn About Early Domestication From Modern DNA?

Phylogeographic Expectations

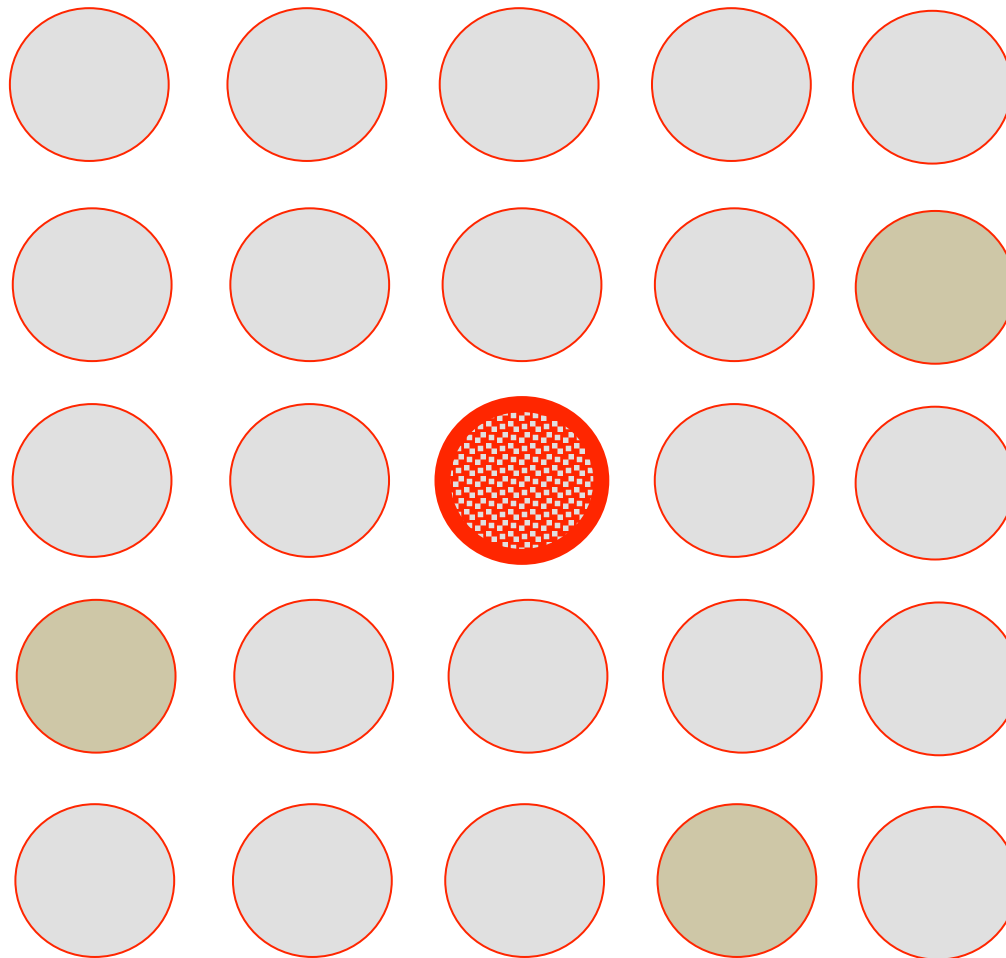
Rationale



Wild Populations

Phylogeographic Expectations

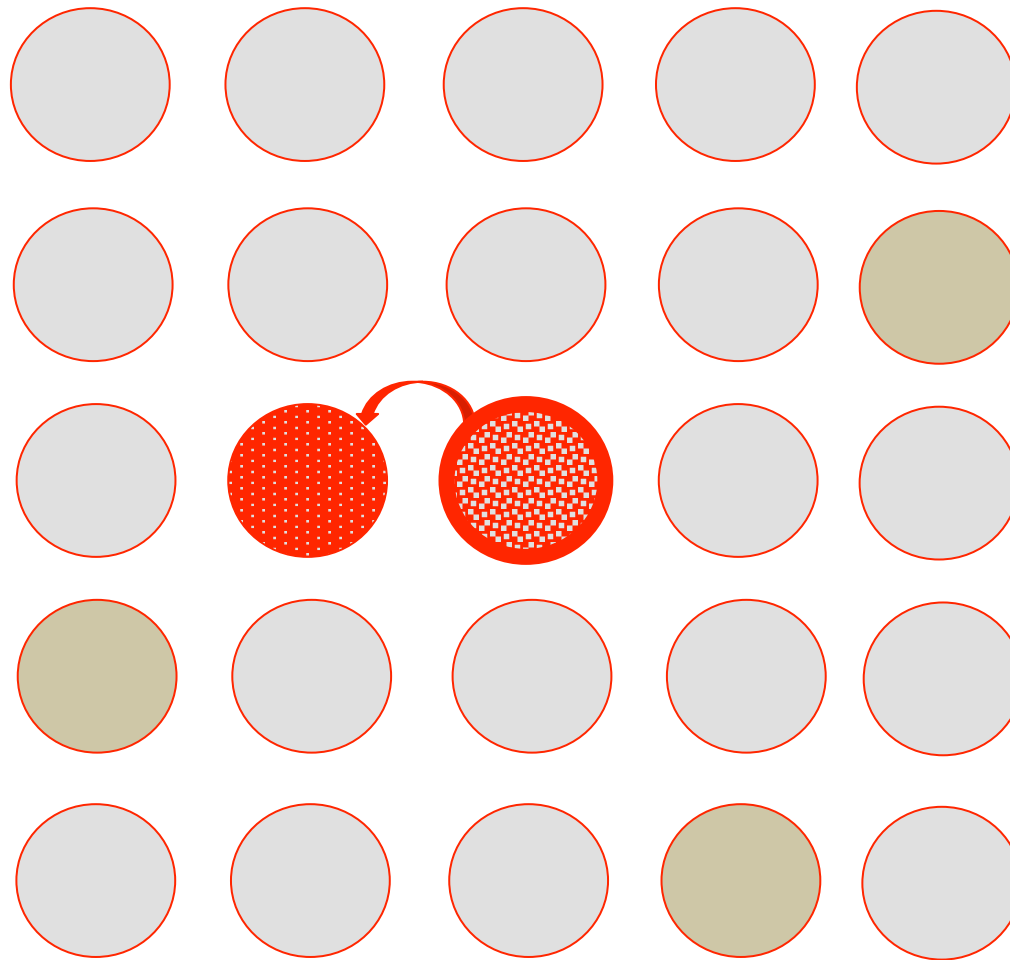
Rationale



Wild Populations, Domestication Centre

Phylogeographic Expectations

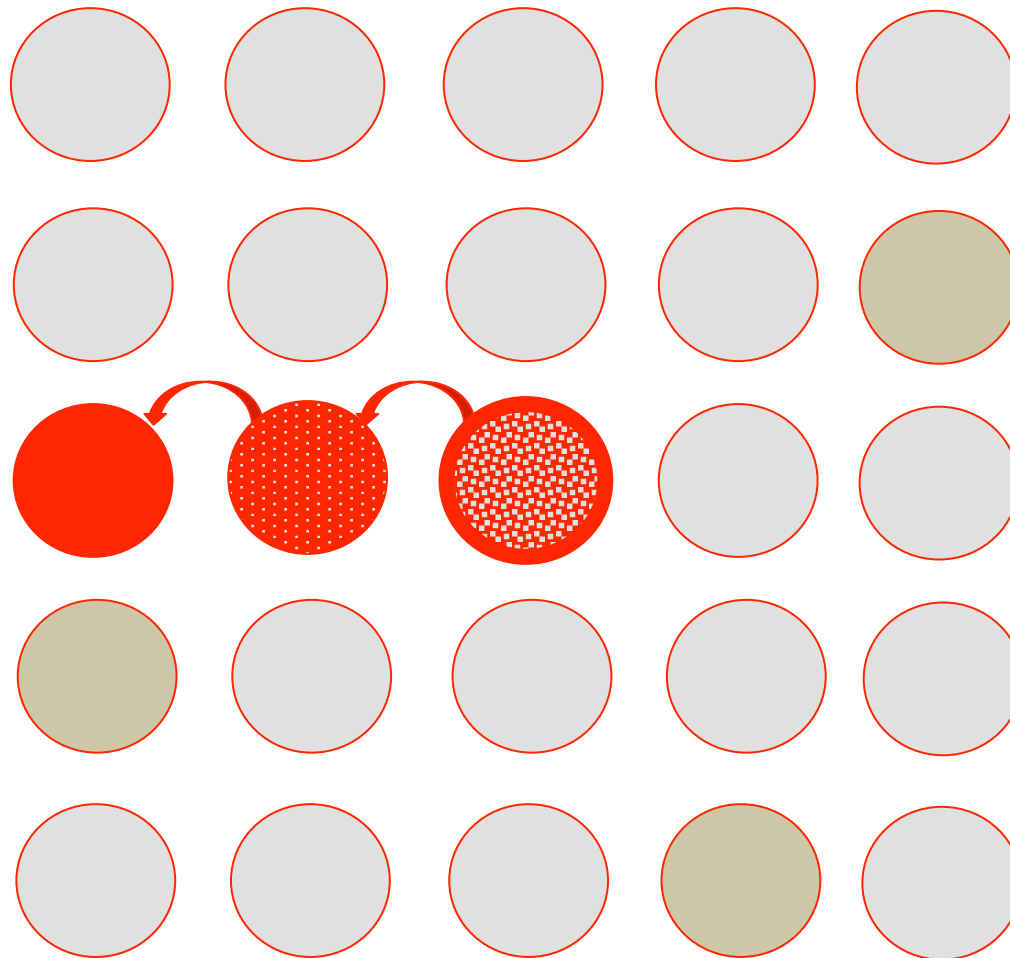
Rationale



Wild Populations, Domestication Centre, Demic Diffusion

Phylogeographic Expectations

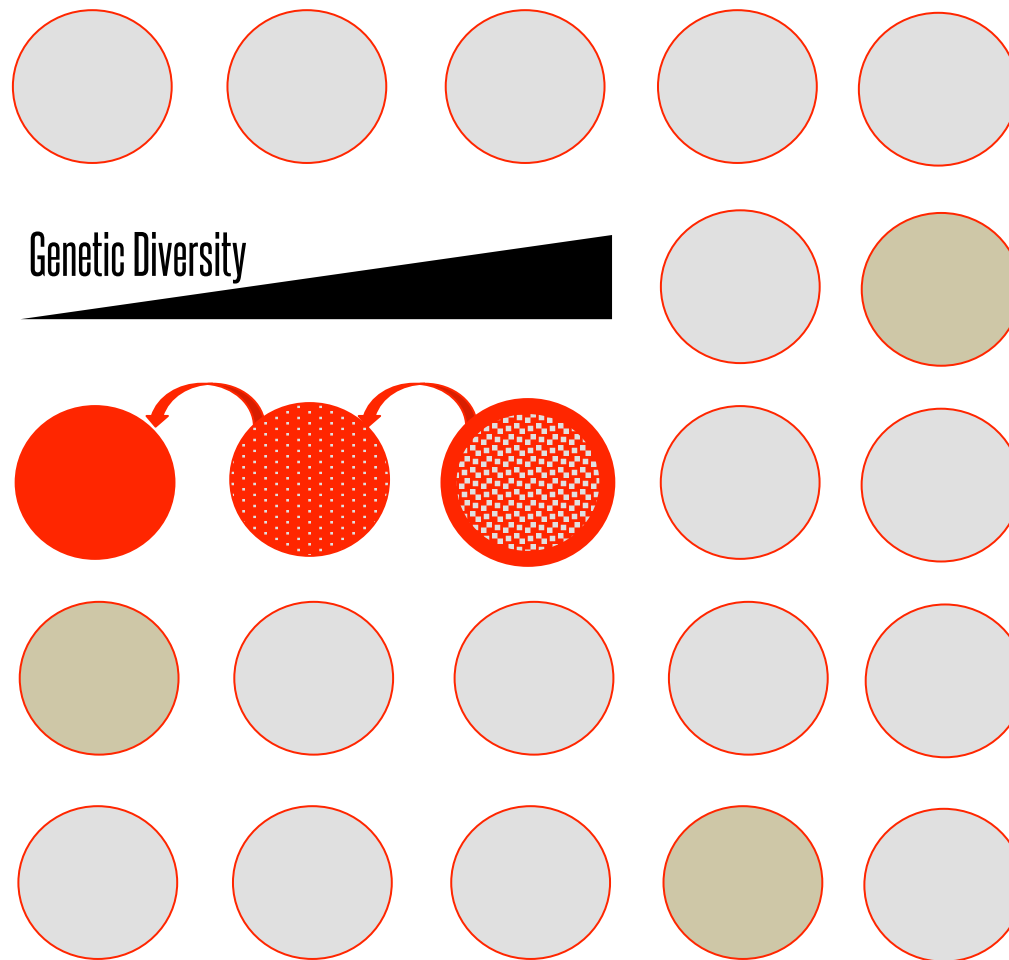
Rationale



Wild Populations, Domestication Centre, Demic Diffusion

Phylogeographic Expectations

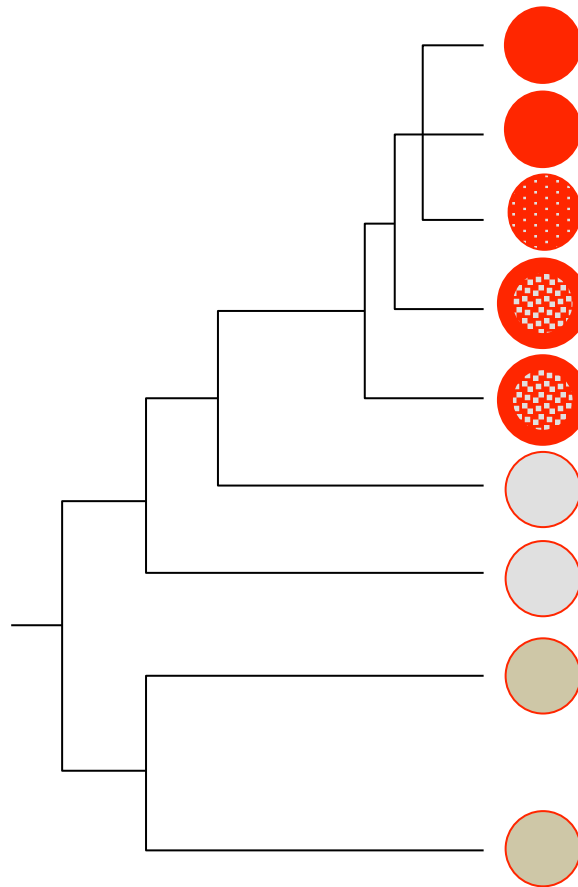
Rationale



Wild Populations, Domestication Centre, Demic Diffusion

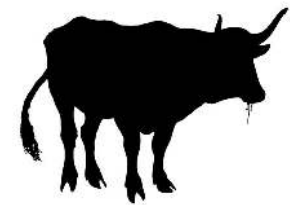
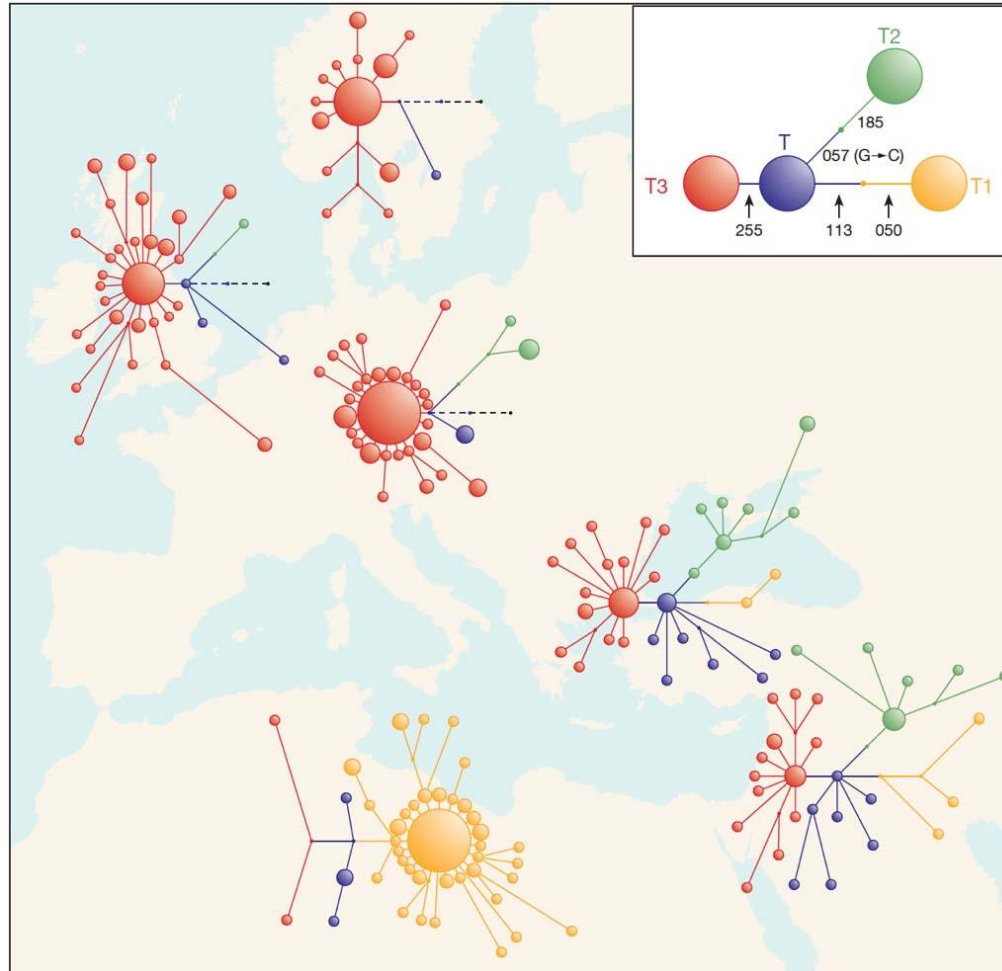
Phylogeographic Expectations

Rationale



Phylogeographic Expectations

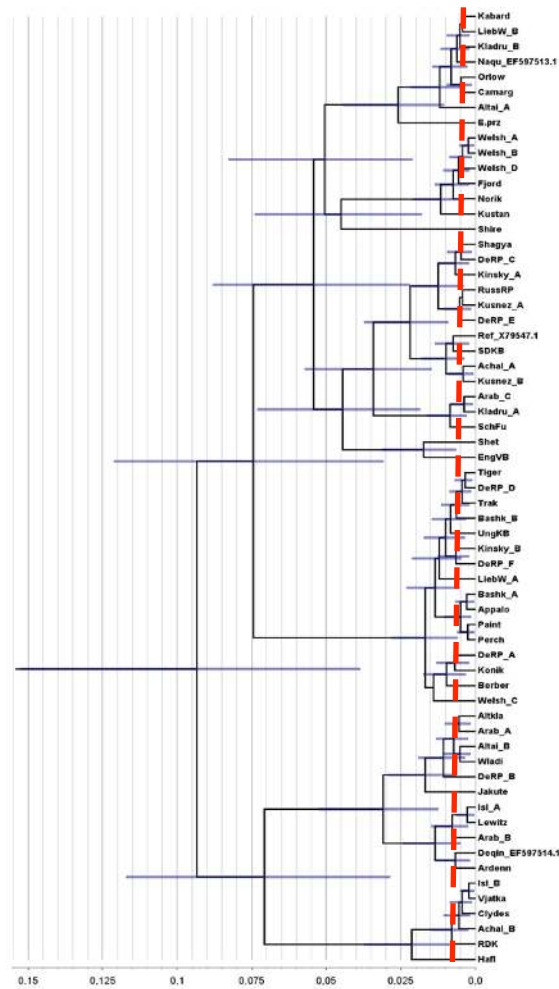
Example: European Taurine Cattle (240 bp, mtDNA Control Region)



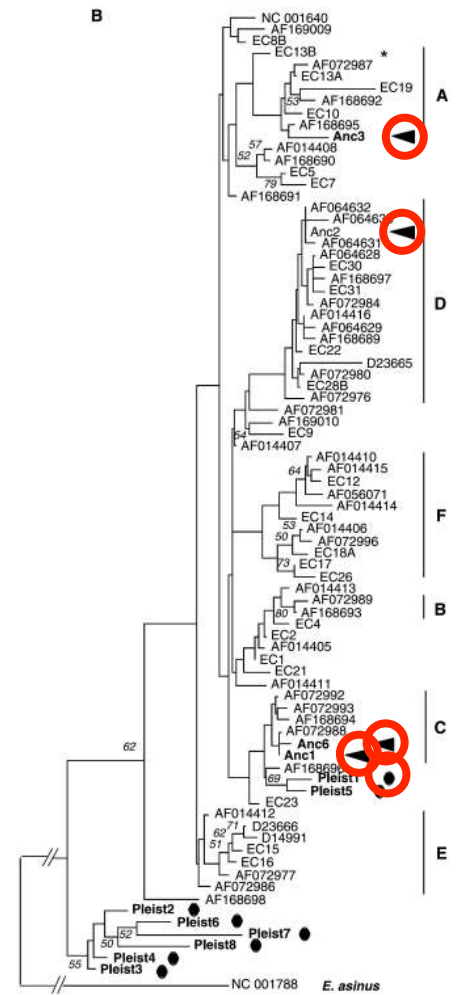
Troy et al. Nature 2001

Mitochondrial DNA

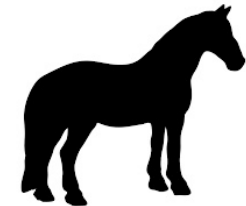
Median-Joining Networks & Neighbor-Joining Tree (355bp)



Lippold et al. BMC Evol Biol 2011

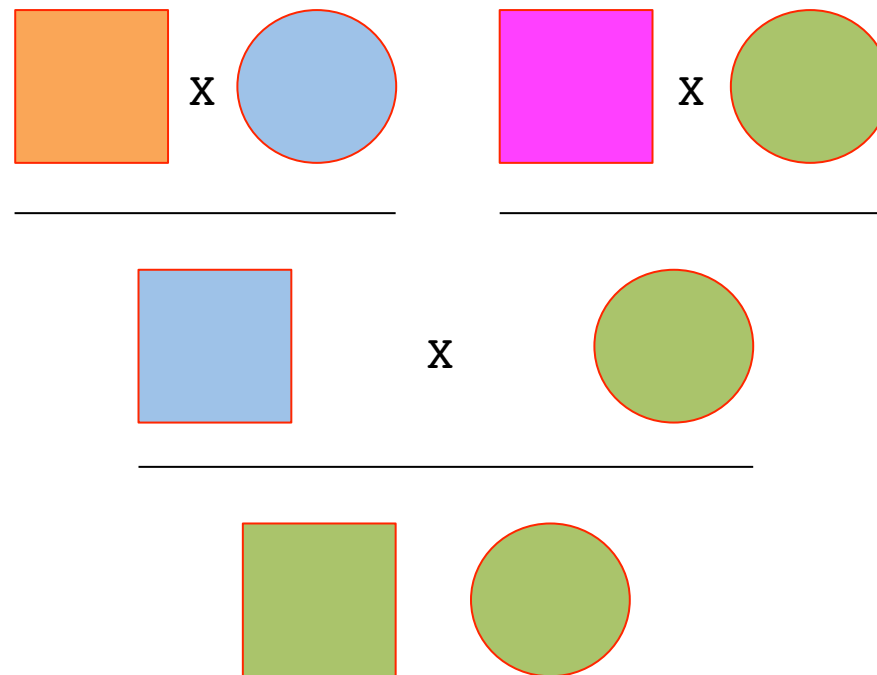


Vila et al. Science 2001



Mitochondrial DNA

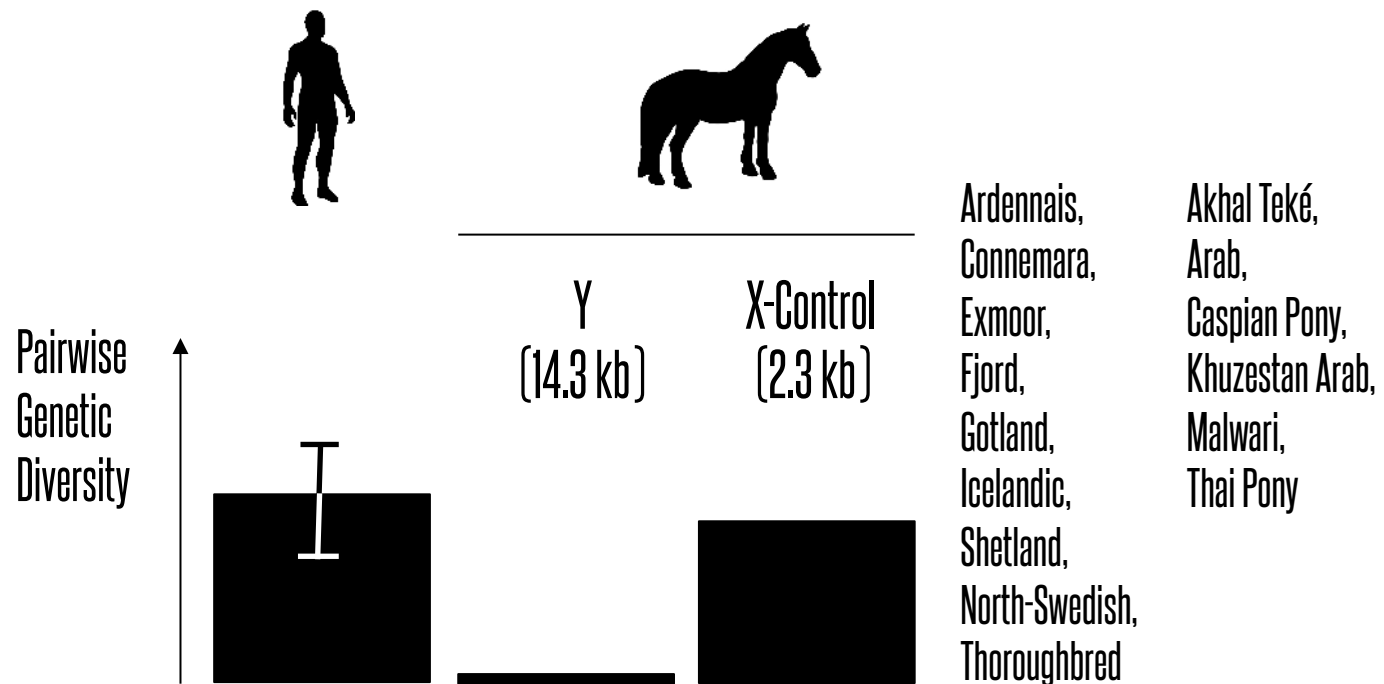
Maternal Heredity



Lots Of Mares Must Have Been Involved In The Domestication Process
Which Also Involved Substantial Restocking From The Wild

Paternal Lineages

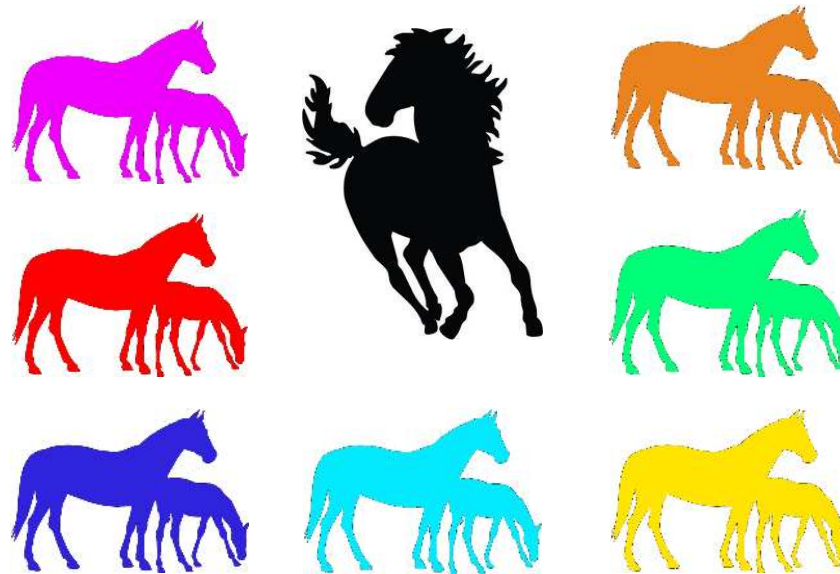
Y-Chromosome (52 Stallions, 15 breeds)



Lindgren et al. Nat Genet 2004

Horse Domestication Model

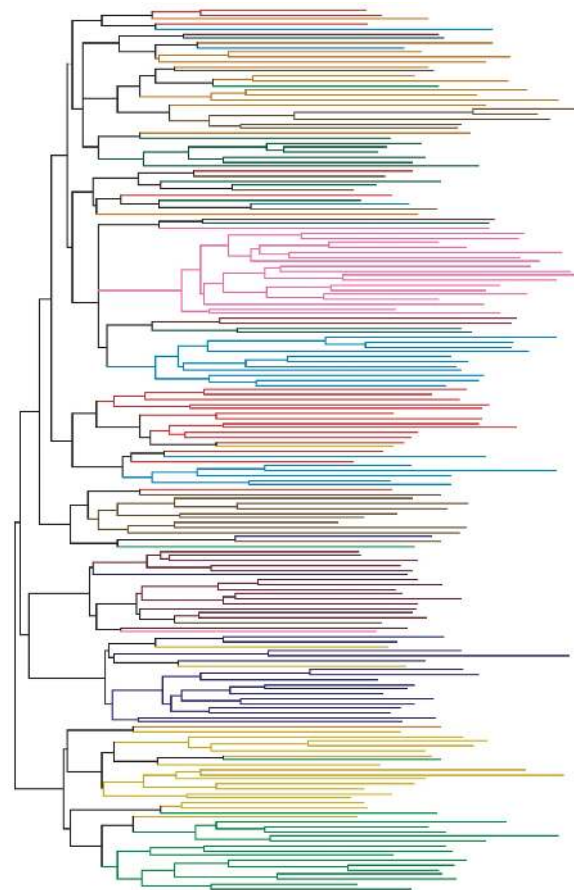
N Mares, ~1 Stallion



Microsatellites

Neighbor-Joining Tree (%Allele-Sharing in 10 Breeds)

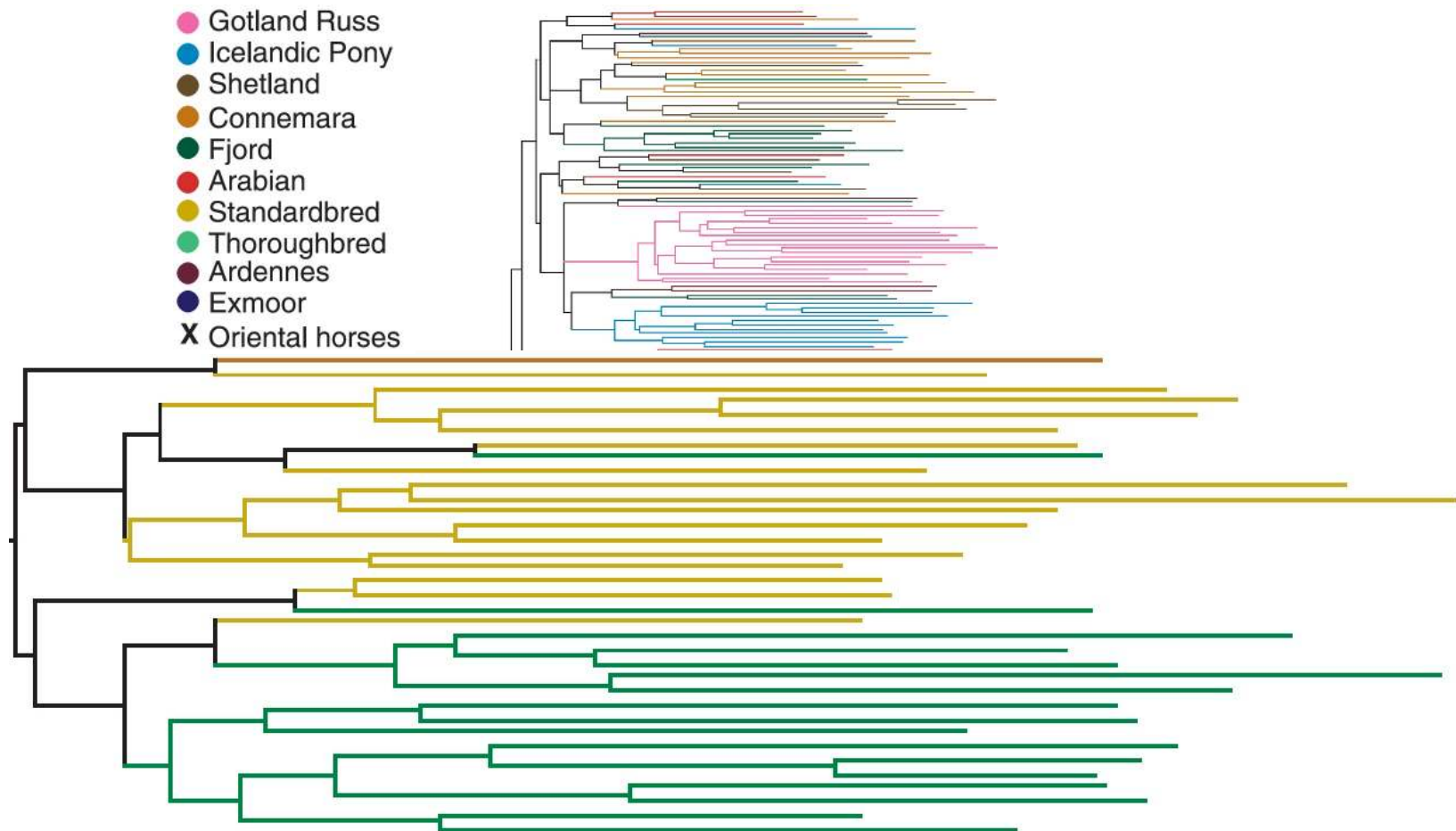
- Gotland Russ
- Icelandic Pony
- Shetland
- Connemara
- Fjord
- Arabian
- Standardbred
- Thoroughbred
- Ardennes
- Exmoor
- X Oriental horses



Vila et al. Science 2001

Microsatellites

Neighbor-Joining Tree (%Allele-Sharing in 10 Breeds)

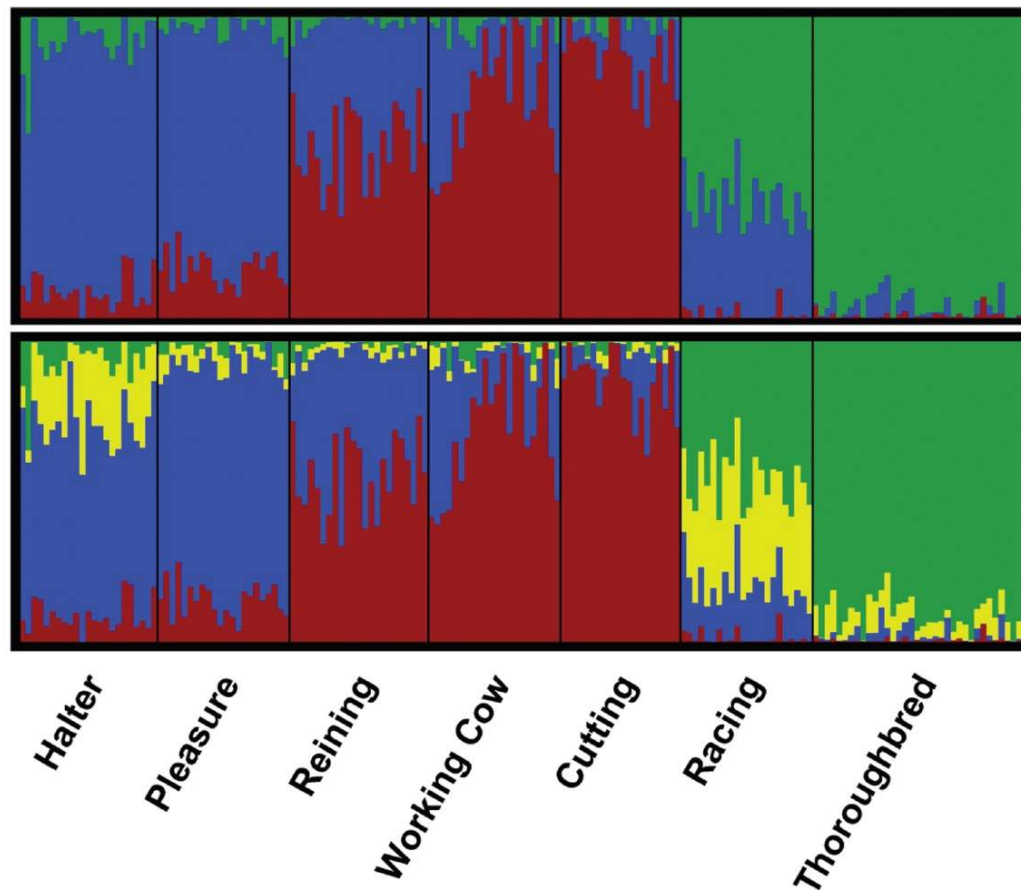


Vila et al. Science 2001

Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms

Revealing Breeding Management

American Standardbred Horses



Petersen et al. J Hered 2014

What Can We Learn About **Early** Domestication From Modern DNA?

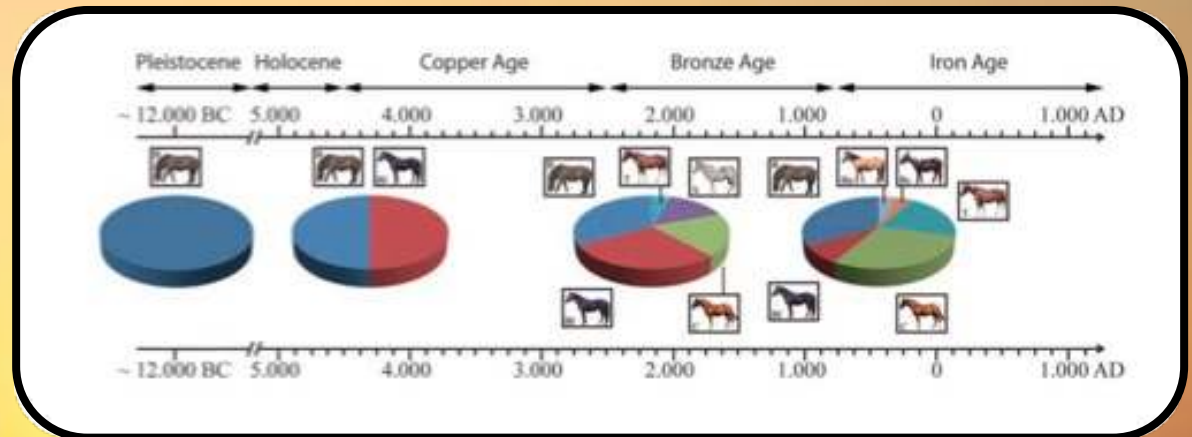
Not Much!

Ancient Genomics

Post-Mortem DNA decay

Coat Color Genes

Ancient DNA: Candidate Marker Genotyping



From Ludwig et al. Science 2009

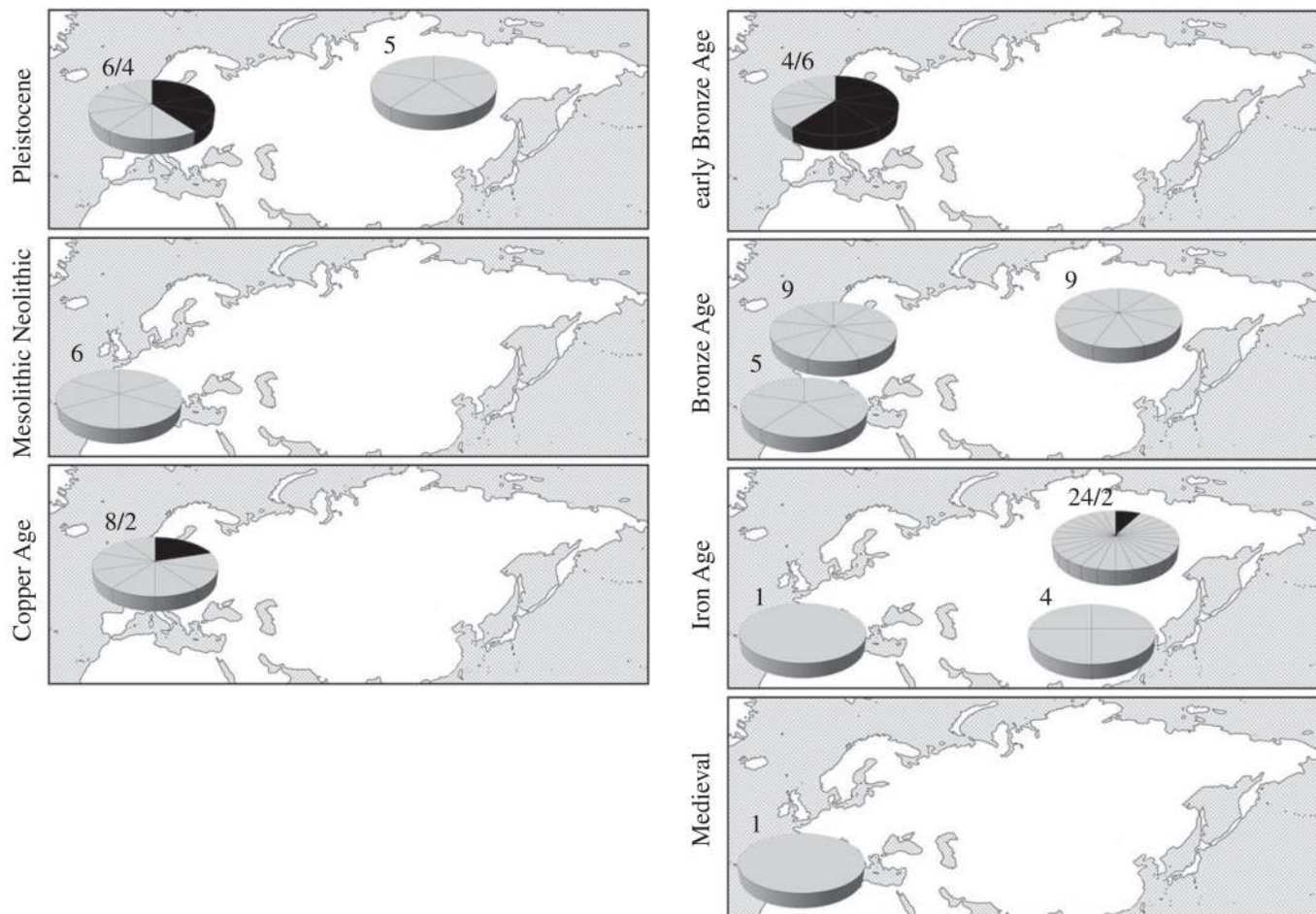
ASIP, MC1R genes





Coat Color Diversity

Spotted Horses (TRPM1) Through Space and Time



From Ludwig et al. Proc Roy Soc B 2015

Ancient DNA

Genomes *versus* Genes

Our
Genome

0.001%

One Genome Contains >25,000 Genes

>3,000,000,000 ACGTs

Why Do We Need Genomes?

Many Additional Traits Have Been Selected



Gait



Speed/Endurance



Size/Color



Temper

Etc...

Historical Genomes

Late Pleistocene Genomes

Holocene Genomes

The Genomics Of Domestication

Comparing Genomes of Wild Animals and Domesticates

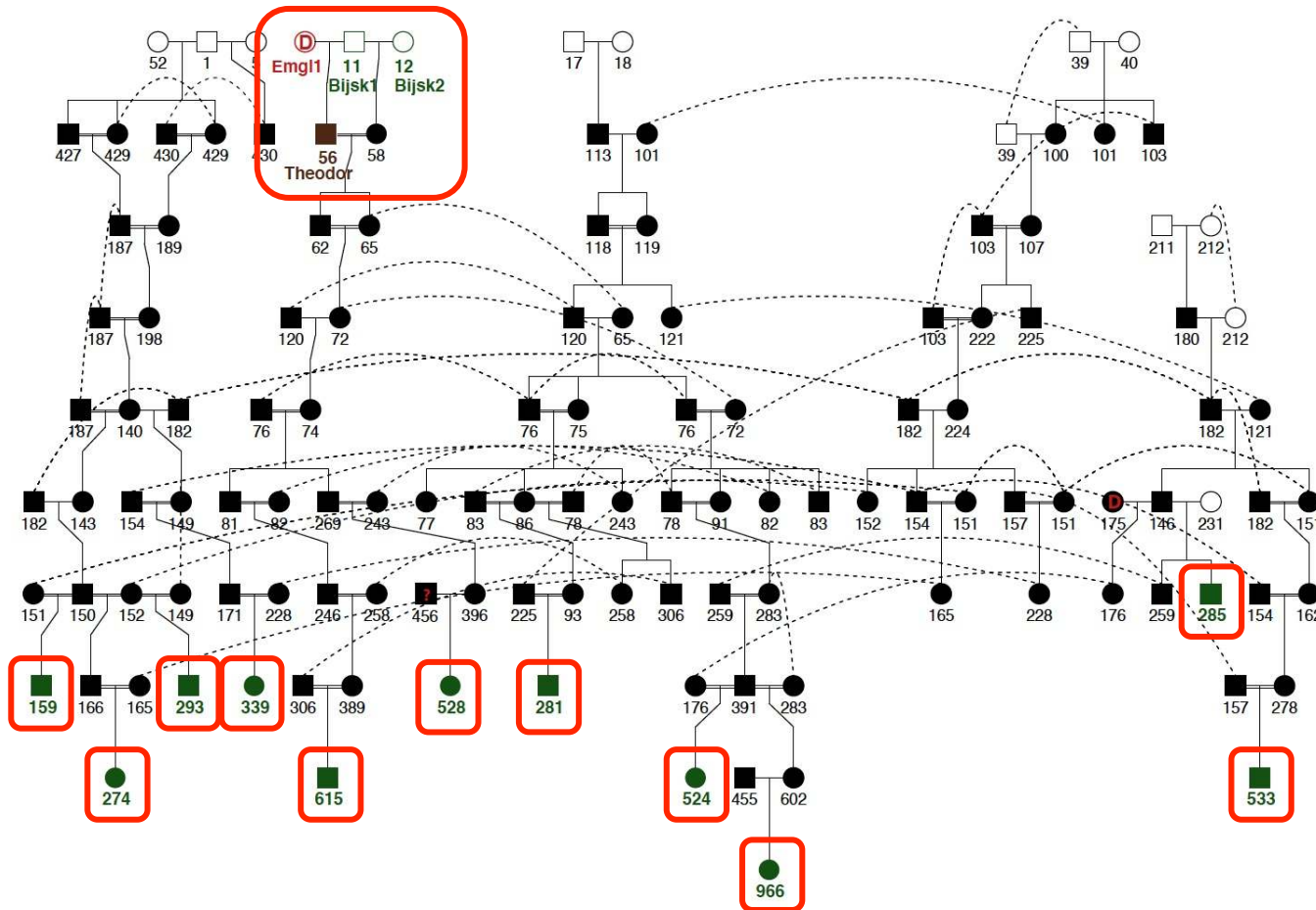




Der Sarkissian et al. Curr Biol 2015

Conservation/Comparative Genomics

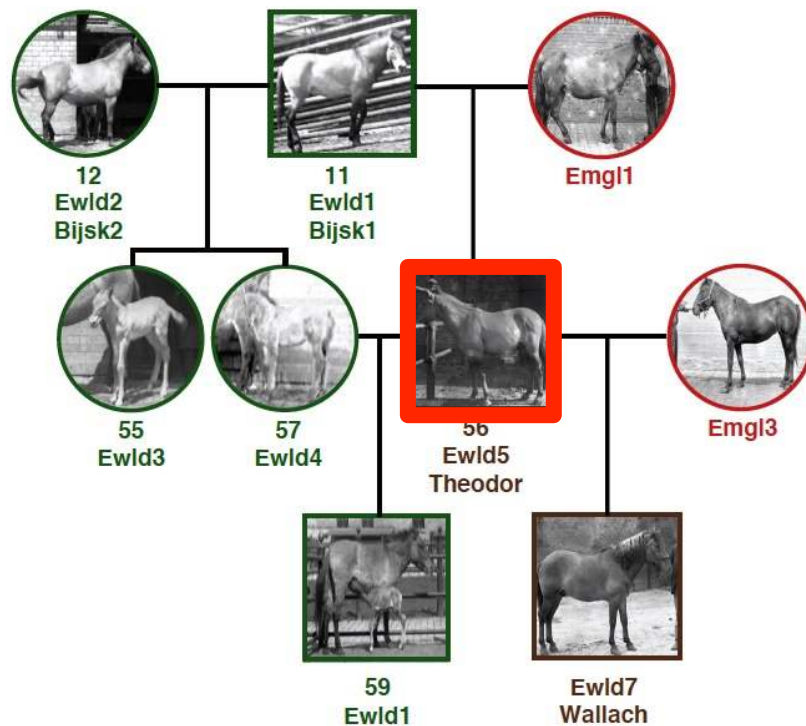
Extant Przewalski's horses



- Representing all founding lineages
- F1 Przewalski x Mongolian hybrid

Conservation Museomics

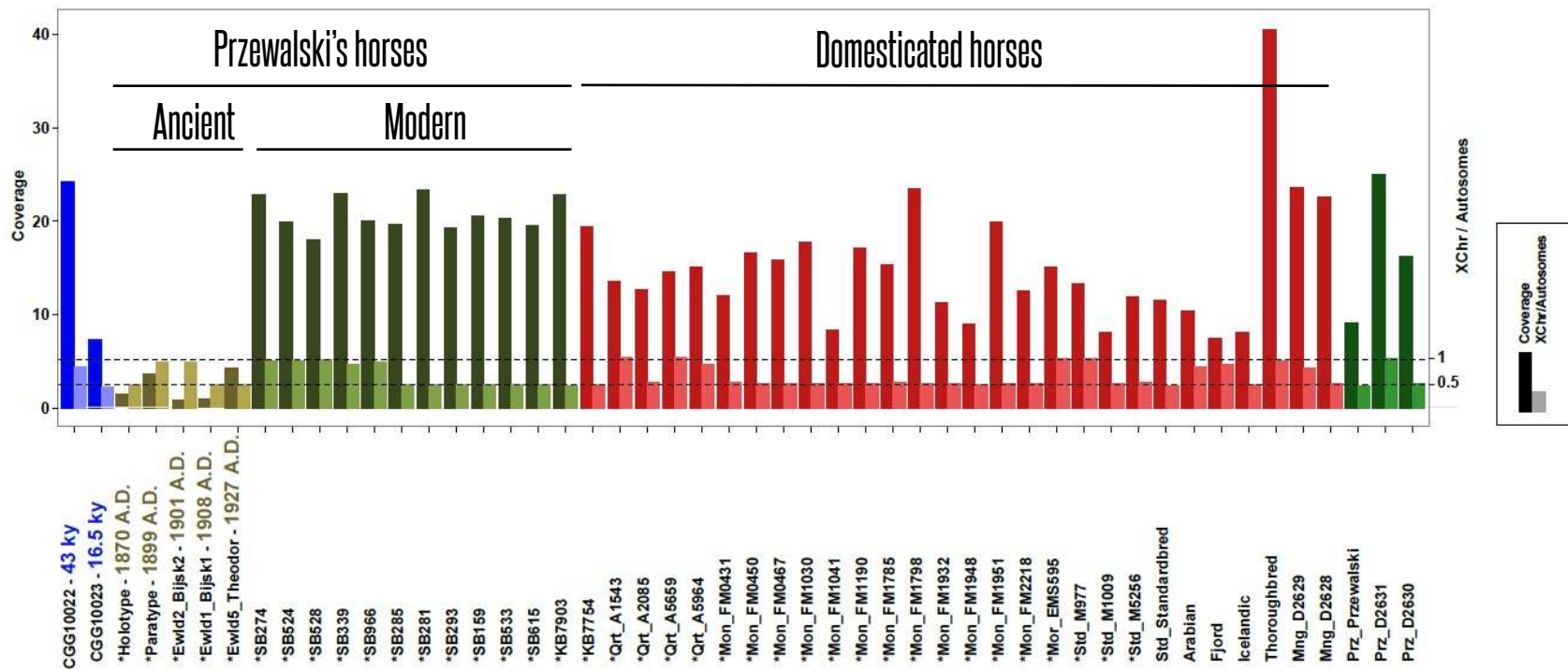
Ancient Founders of Captive Przewalski's horses – early 1900s



Putative F1 Mongolian x Przewalski's hybrids
19th Century AD Holotype & Paratype

Conservation Museomics

Overall Genome Dataset

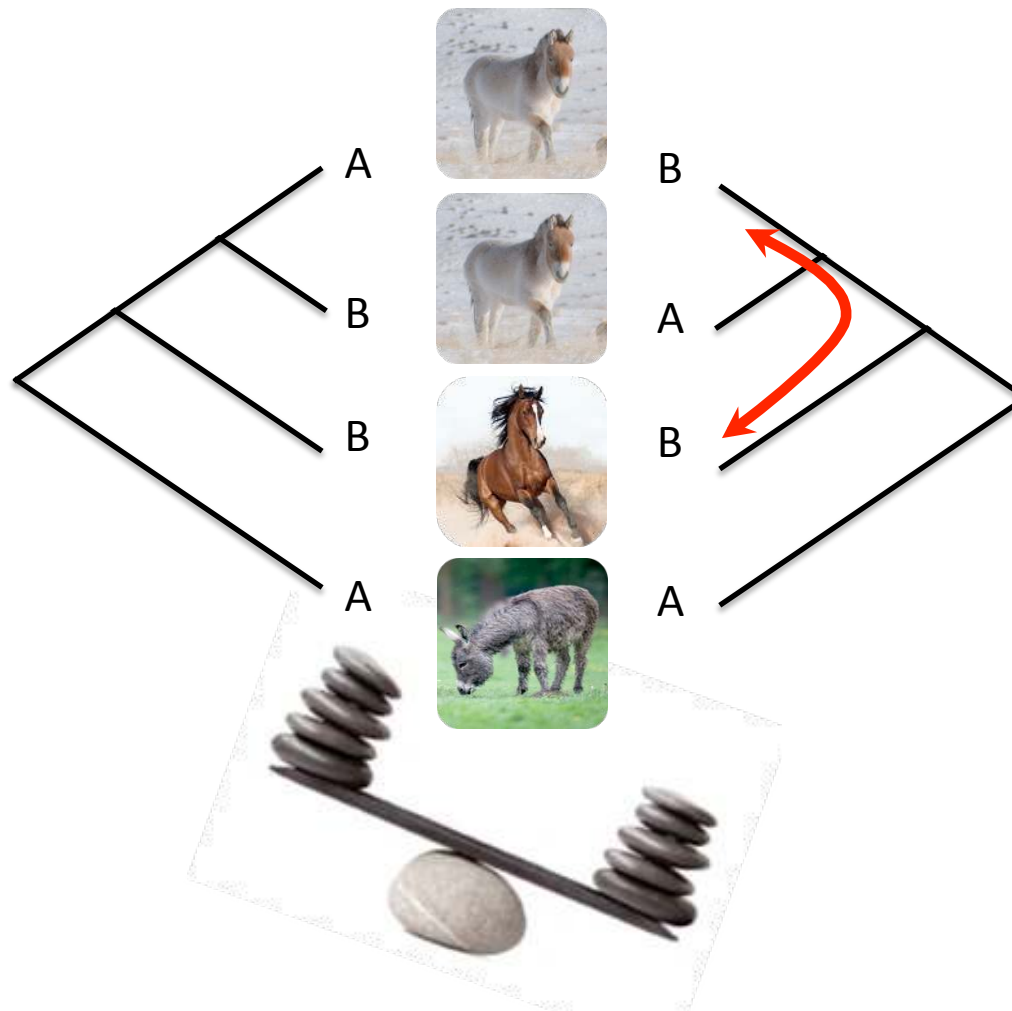


- 5 Historical and 15 Modern **Przewalski's horses**
- 1 F1 Przewalski's x Domestic hybrid
- 28 Modern **Domesticated horses**

Comparative Museomics

Wild vs. Domesticates

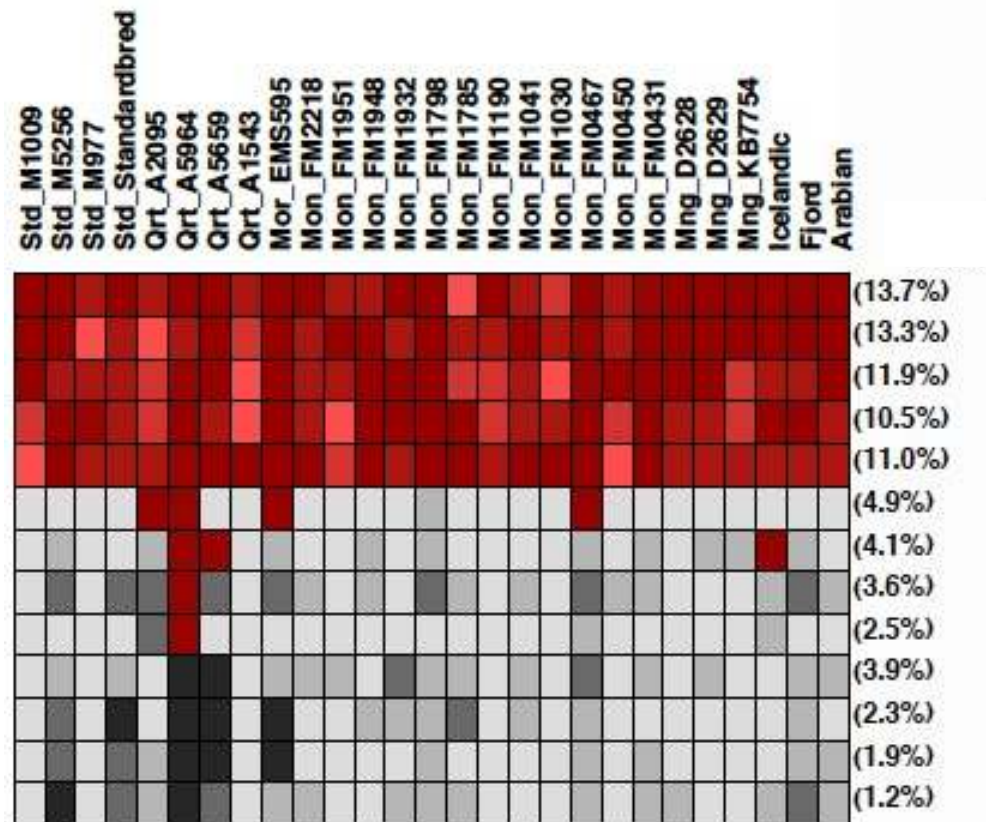
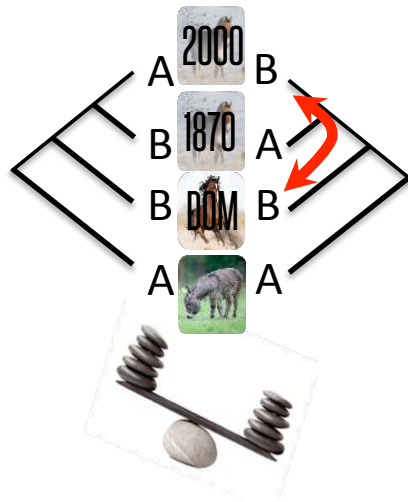
D-Statistics



Comparative Genomics

Wild vs. Domesticates

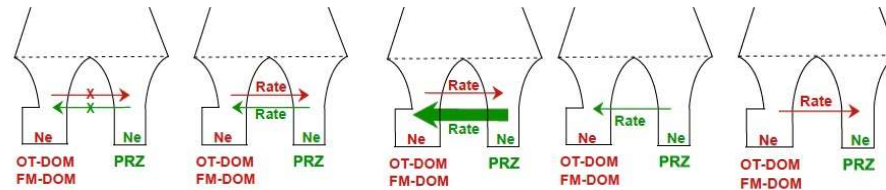
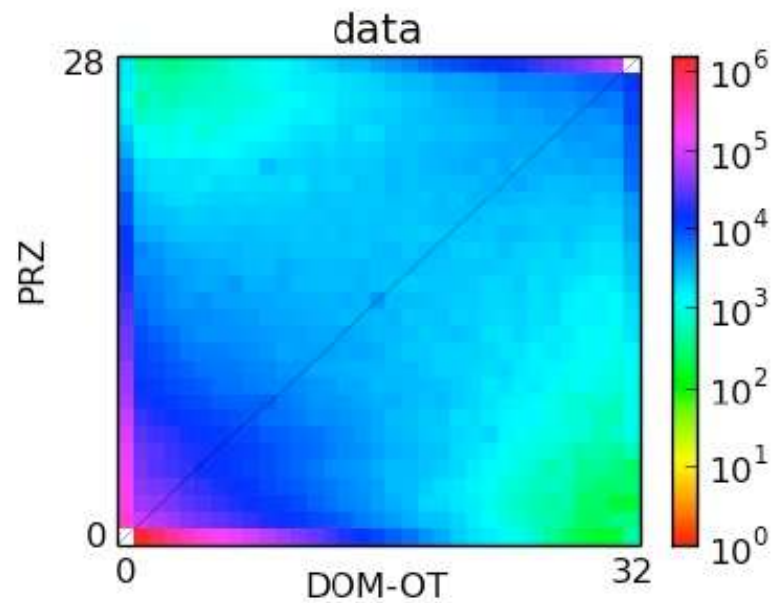
D-Statistics



Evolutionary Genomics

Population Model

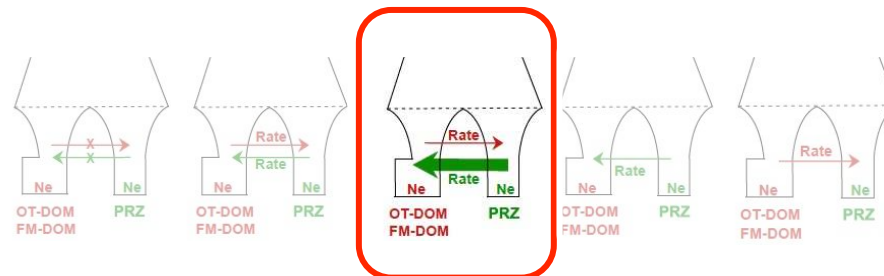
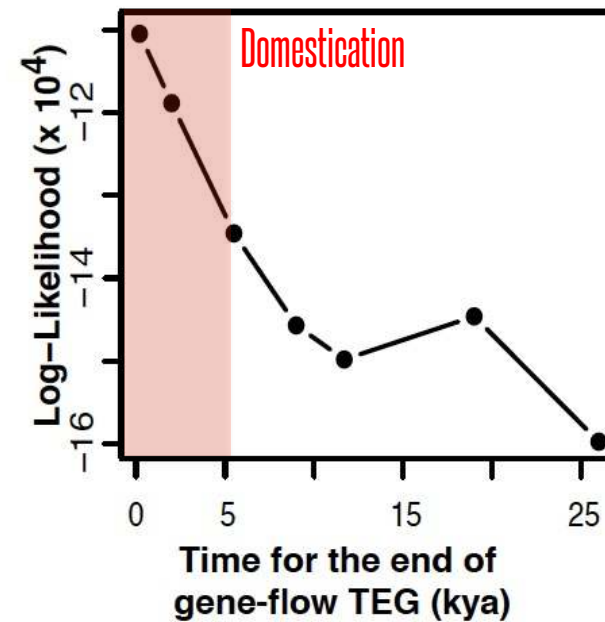
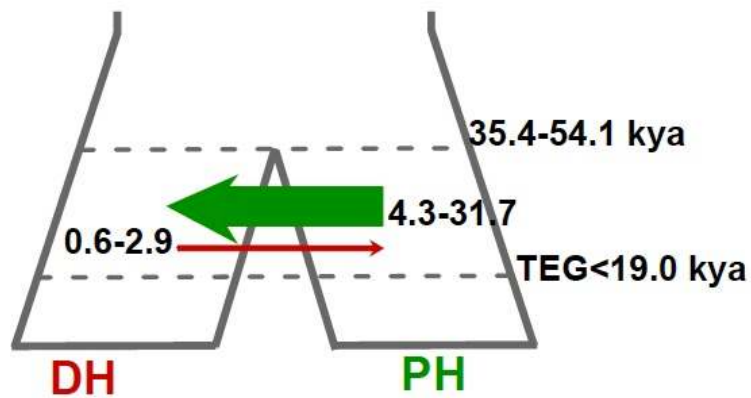
SFS-based $\delta a \delta i$ Reconstructions



Evolutionary Genomics

Population Model

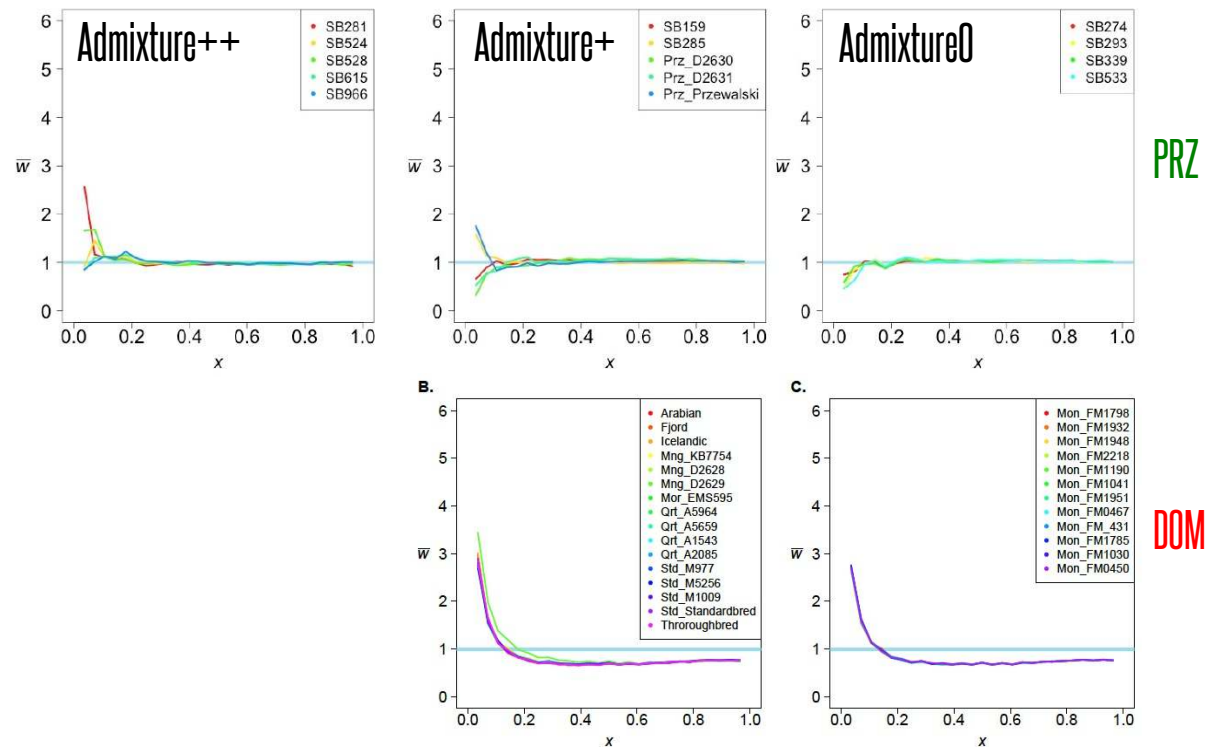
SFS-based $\delta a \delta i$ Reconstructions



Evolutionary Genomics

Population Model

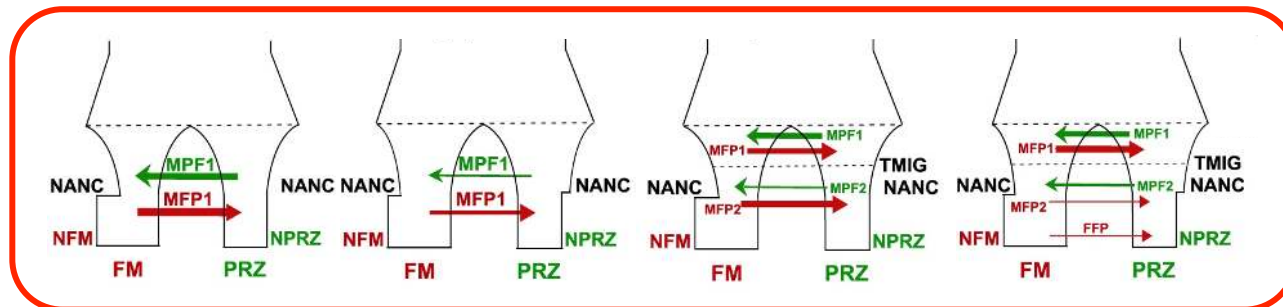
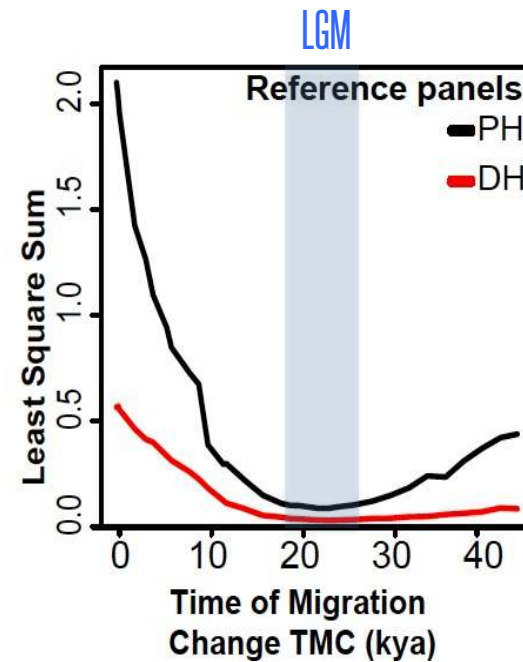
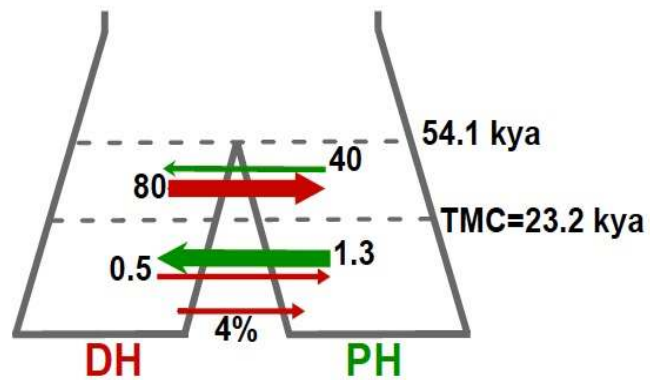
Genome Projections on Our Przewalski's horse Genome Panel



Categories of Derived Allele Frequencies

Evolutionary Genomics

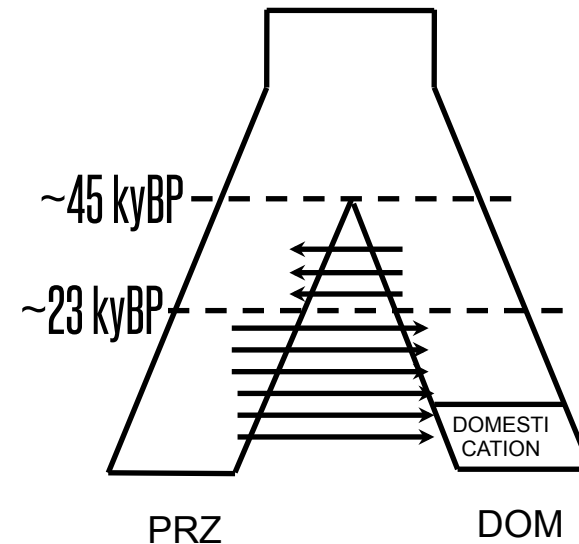
Population Model Genome Projections



The Genomics of Horse Domestication

Summary 1

- Horse domestication involved significant restocking from the wild
- Przewalski's horses are NOT the ancestors of domesticated horses
- Understanding horse domestication, thus, requires temporal data

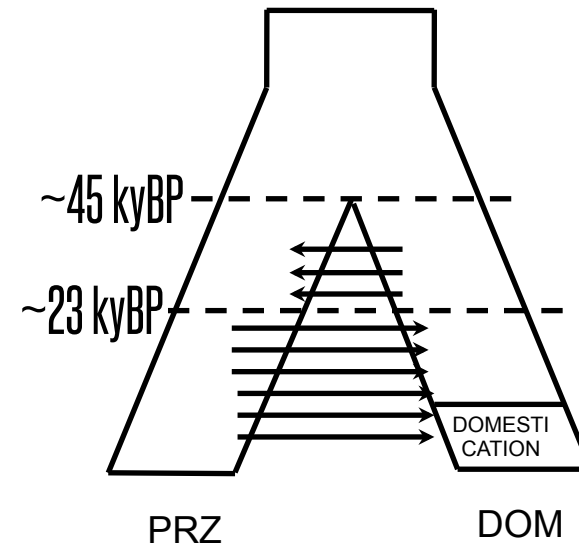


Der Sarkissian et al. Curr Biol 2015

The Genomics of Horse Domestication

Summary 1

- Horse domestication involved significant restocking from the wild
- Przewalski's horses are NOT the ancestors of domesticated horses
- Understanding horse domestication, thus, requires temporal data



Der Sarkissian et al. Curr Biol 2015

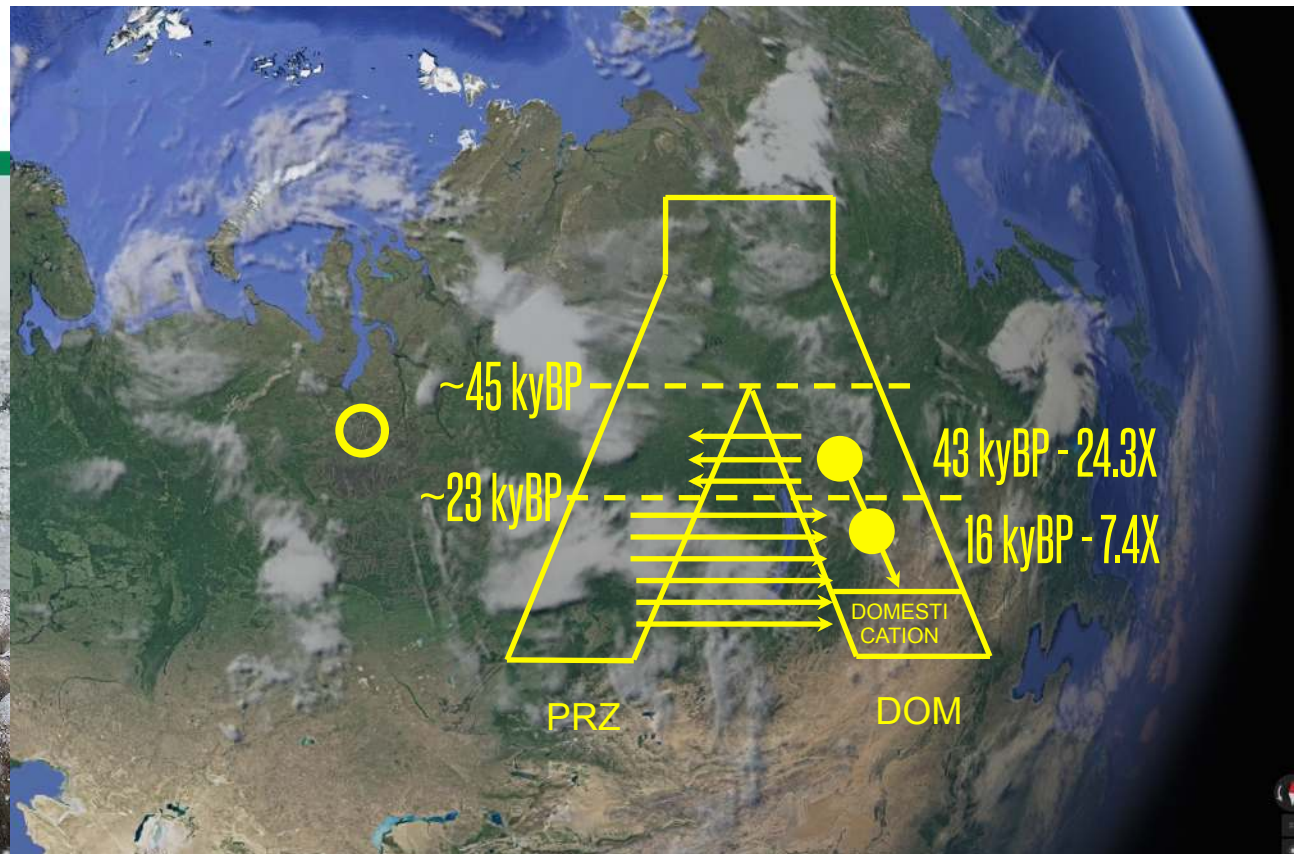
Historical Genomes

Late Pleistocene Genomes

Holocene Genomes

Sequencing Ancient Horse Genomes

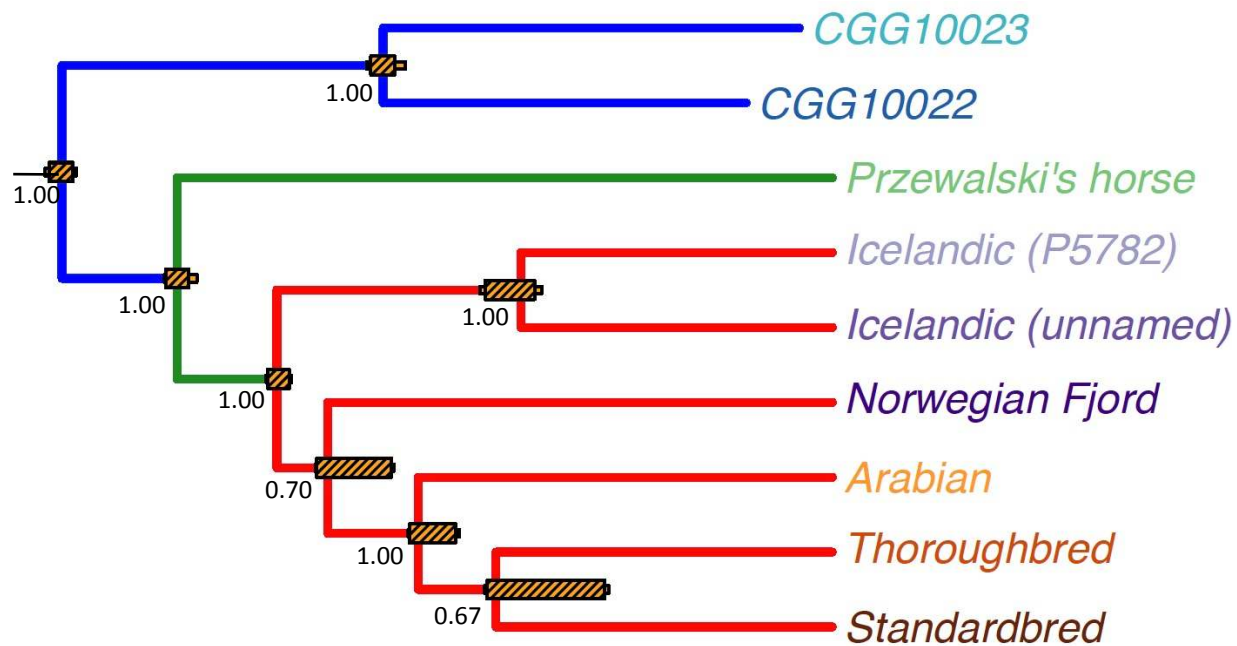
Overall Approach



Schubert et al. PNAS 2014

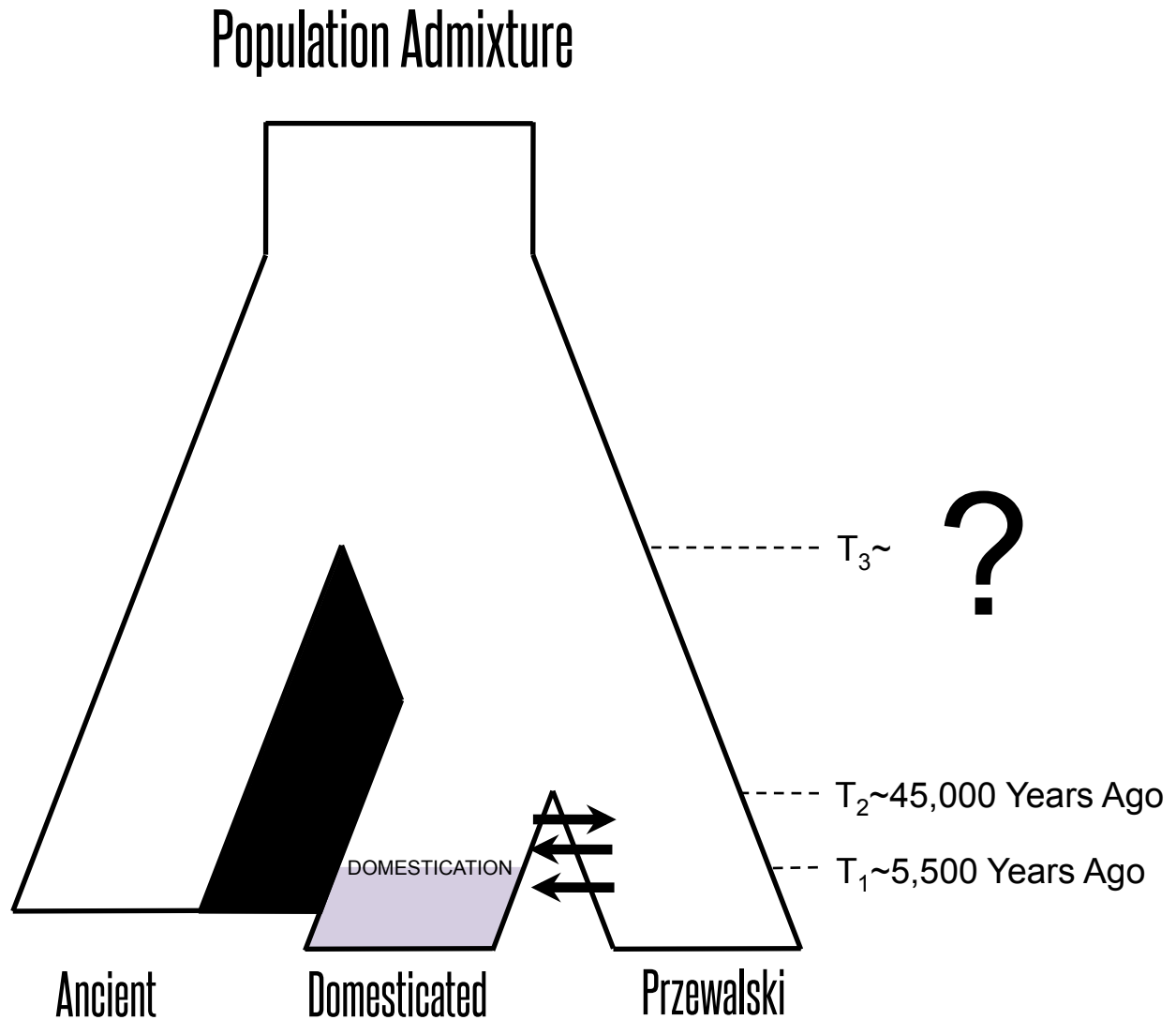
The Population Model Underlying Domestication

Phylogenetic Relationships



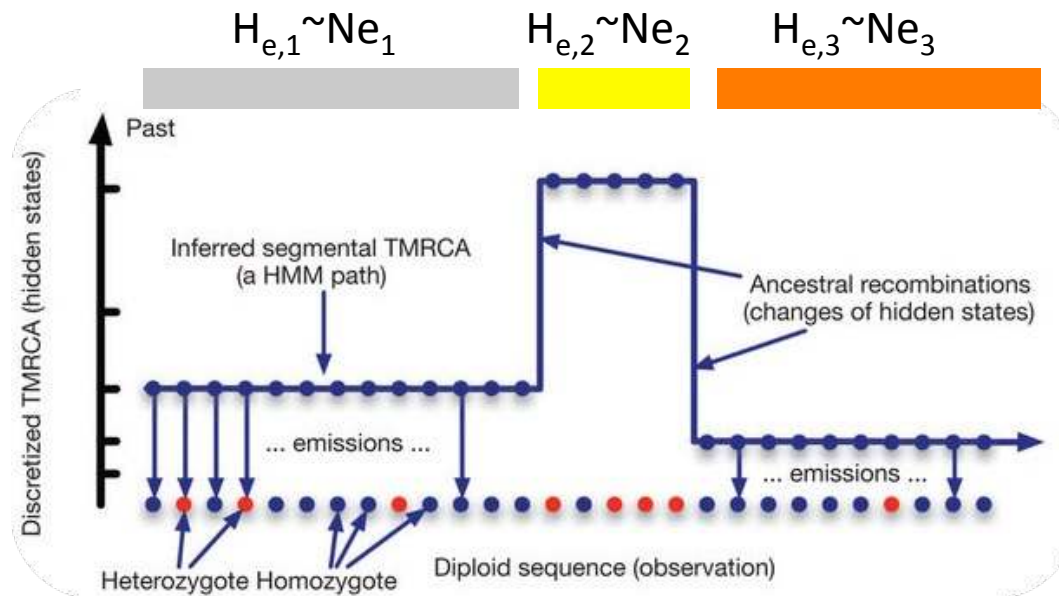
Whole-Exome ML-tree (20,374 Genes, each Partitioned as 1st+2nd, 3rd)
TreeMix (2,686,345 SNPs)

The Population Model Underlying Domestication



The Population Model Underlying Domestication

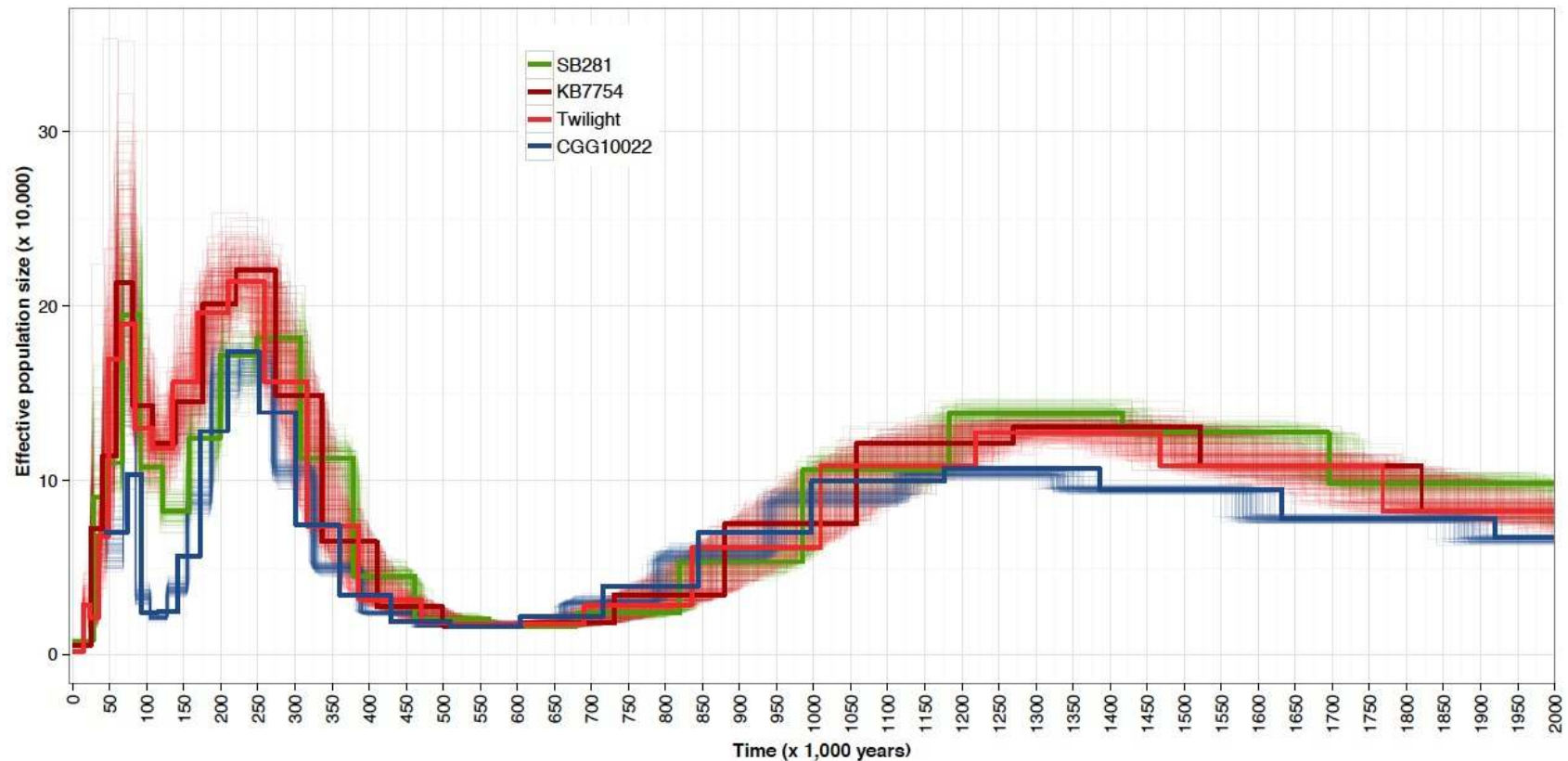
Dating Population Splits through Demographic Trajectories



Pairwise Sequential Markov Coalescent
From Li & Durbin Nature 2011

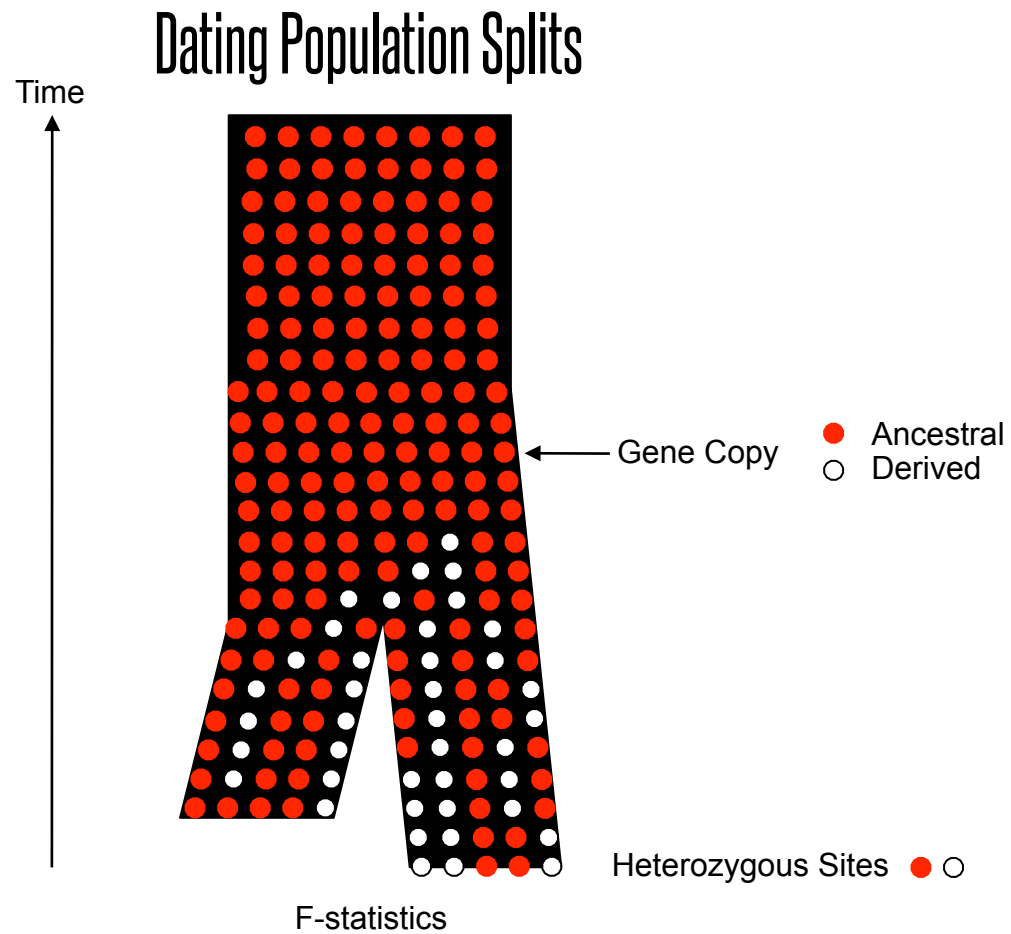
The Population Model Underlying Domestication

Dating Population Splits

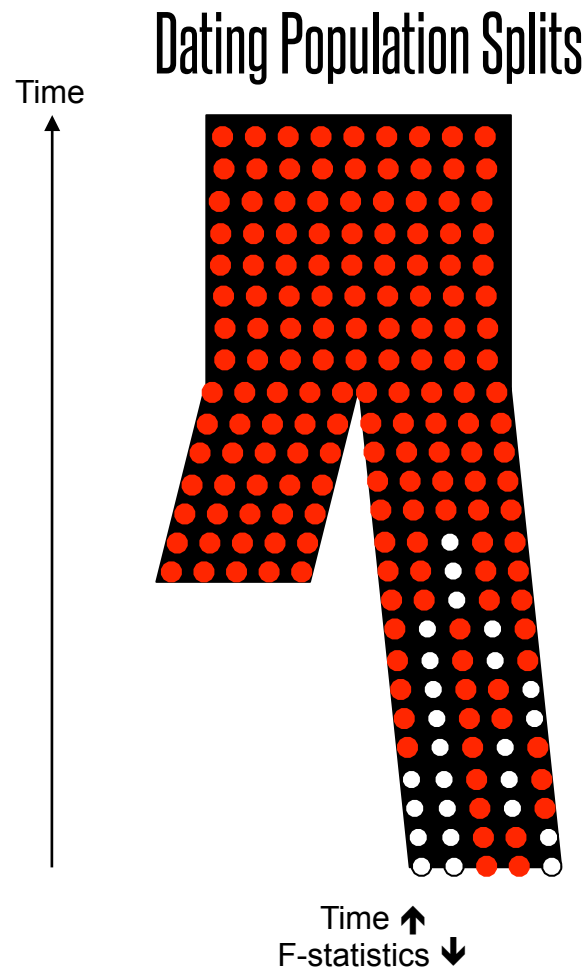


PSMC Demographic Profile

The Population Model Underlying Domestication

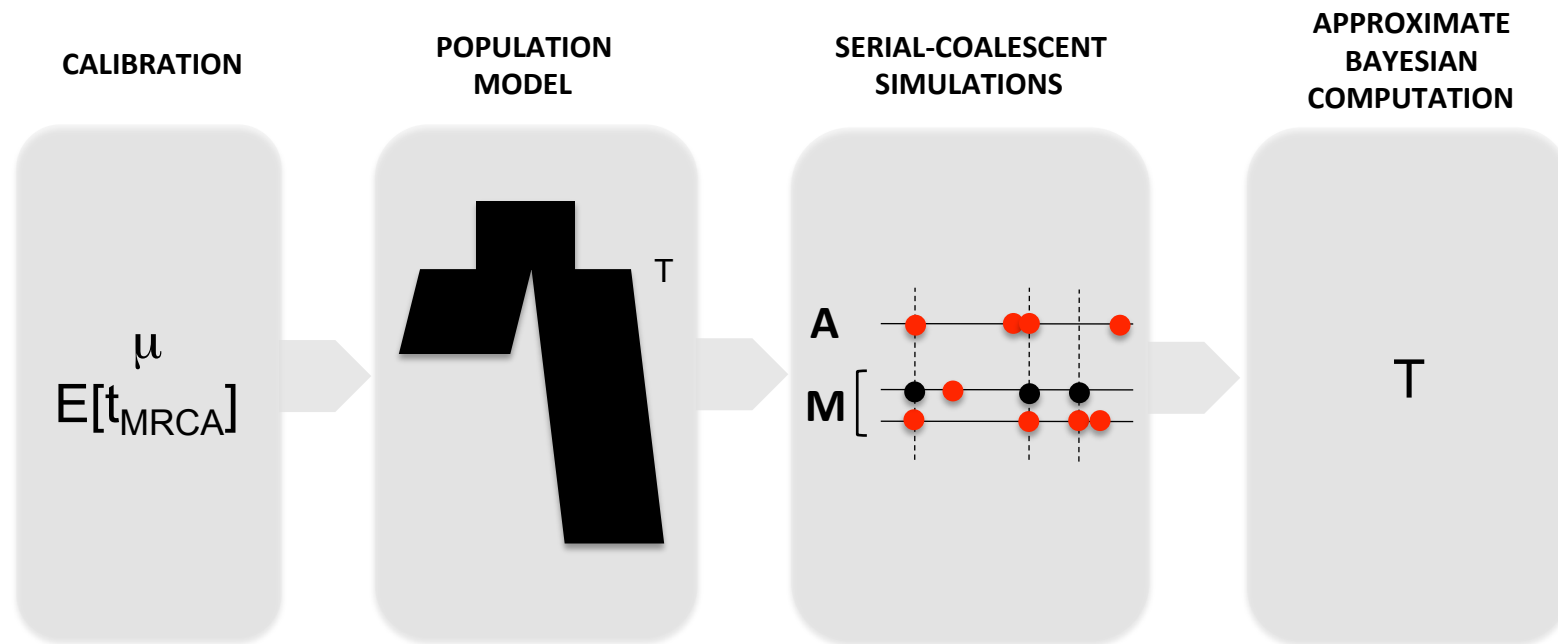


The Population Model Underlying Domestication

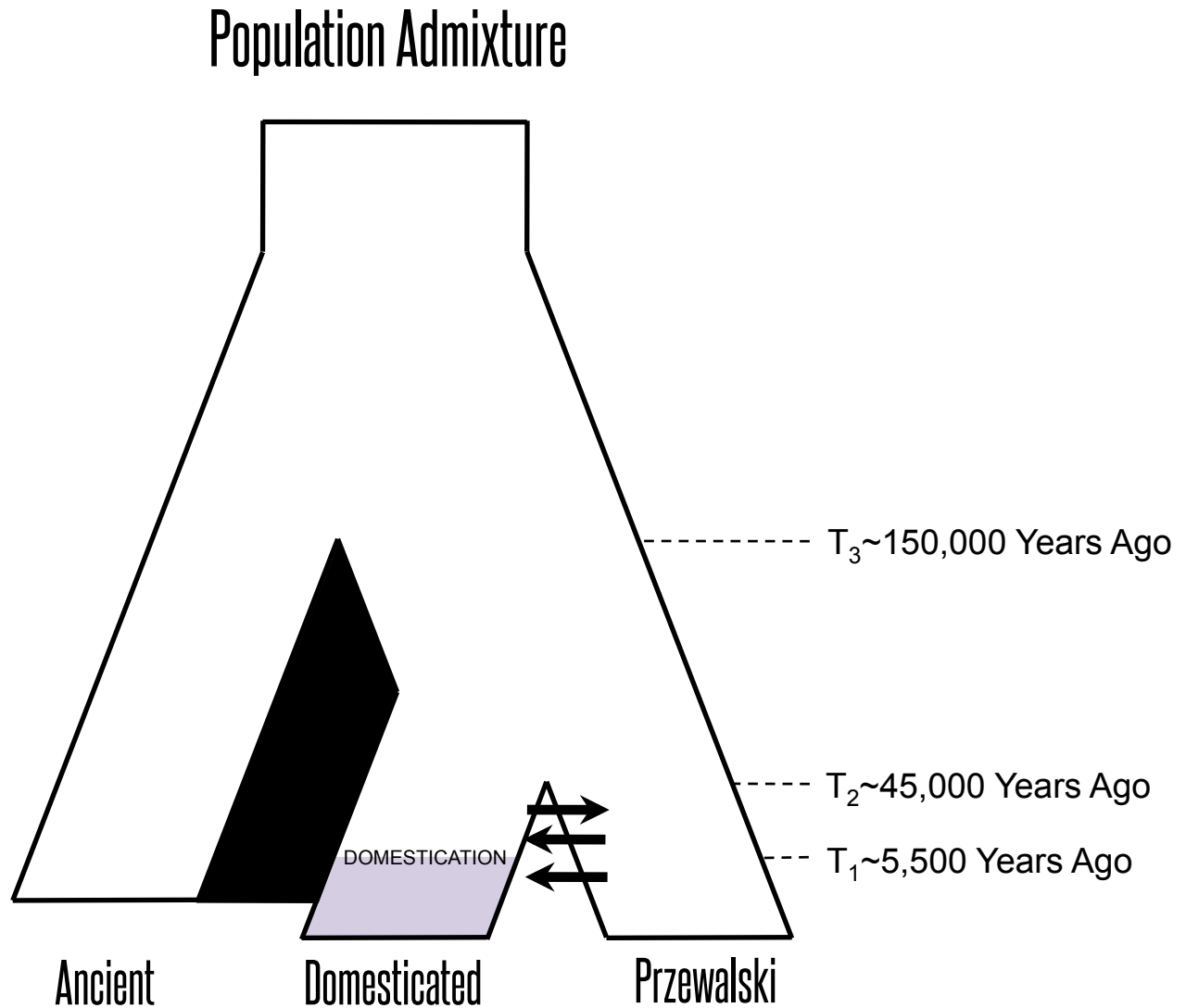


The Population Model Underlying Domestication

Dating Population Splits

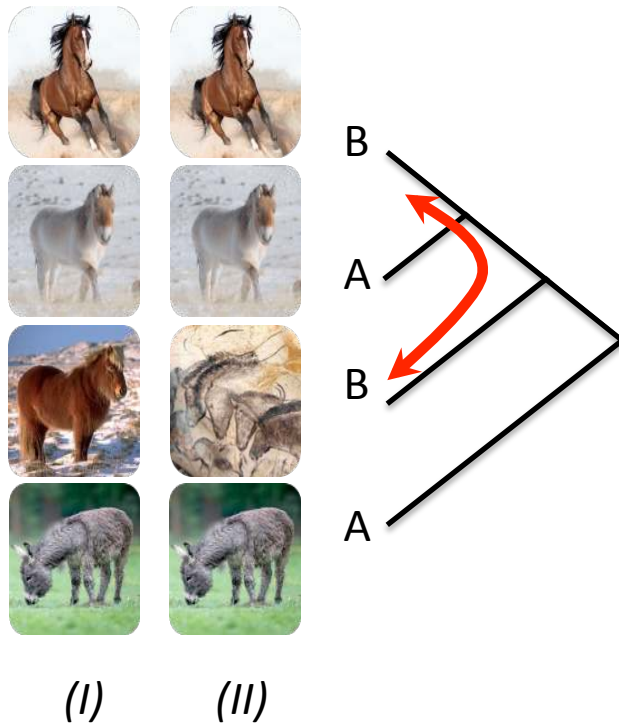


The Population Model Underlying Domestication

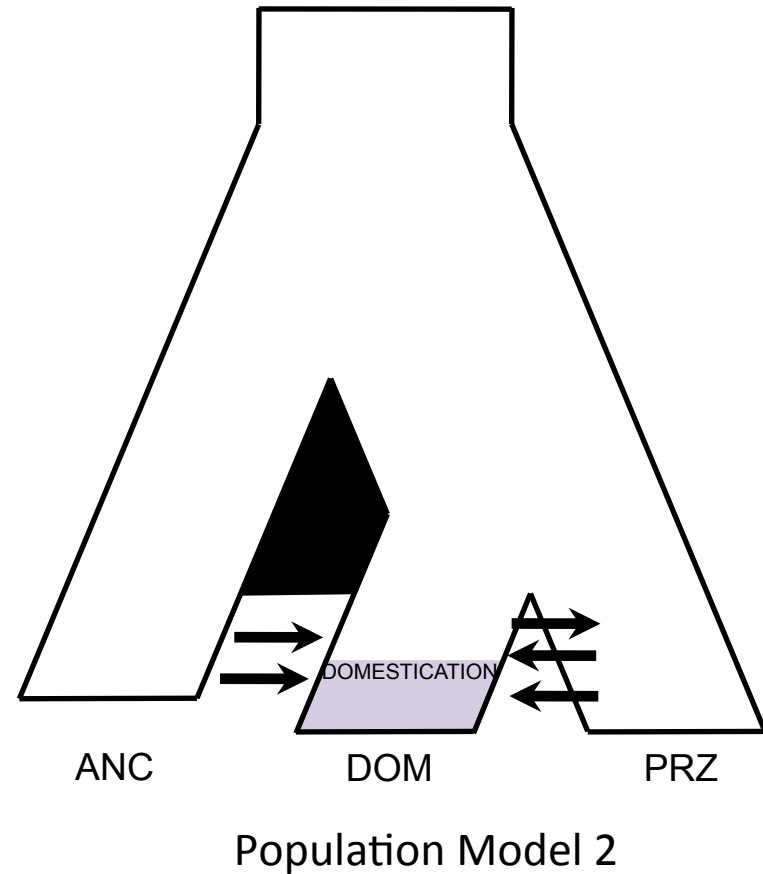


The Population Model Underlying Domestication

Admixture: D-statistics



$$\% \text{GenomeAdmixed} = \frac{(\#ABBA - \#BABA)_{II}}{(\#ABBA - \#BABA)_I} \geq 12.9-17.8\%$$



Candidate Domestication Genes

Scans for Positive Selection

Locomotion

- ACTA1, C-SKI, MYBPC1, SGCD (Myopathies)
- VRK1, TCTN1, CNTN6 (Balance, Motor coordination)
- COL22A1 (Myotendinous, Articular junctions)

Cardio-Vascular

- ACAD8, BRAF, FANCA, SGCD, CACNA1D (Cardiomyopathies)
- NR3C2, SCPEP1, WNK2, CACNA1D (Regulation of Blood Pressure)

Skeleton

- ACSF3, B3GALT, GNPTAB, NIPBL, POP1 (Skeletal dysplasia, Shortened Limbs)

Cognition/Behaviour

- NINJ1, NTM (Neural growth)
- MATN2, DCC, ASTN1 (Axon and Glial Guidance)
- DLGAP1 (Synapse Plasticity)
- ALK, NUMB (Neurogenesis)
- B3GALT, GNPTAB, NIPBL, VDAC1 (Psychomotor retardation, **Learning disability**)
- VDAC1 (**Fear response**)
- CACNA1D, GRID1 (**Social behavior** and Schizophrenia)

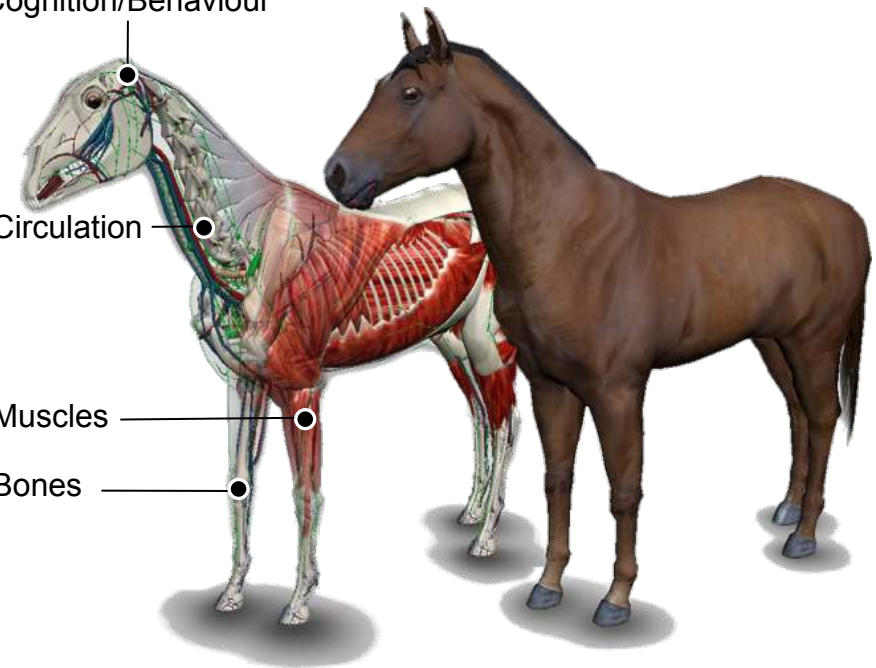
125 Genes

Cognition/Behaviour

Circulation

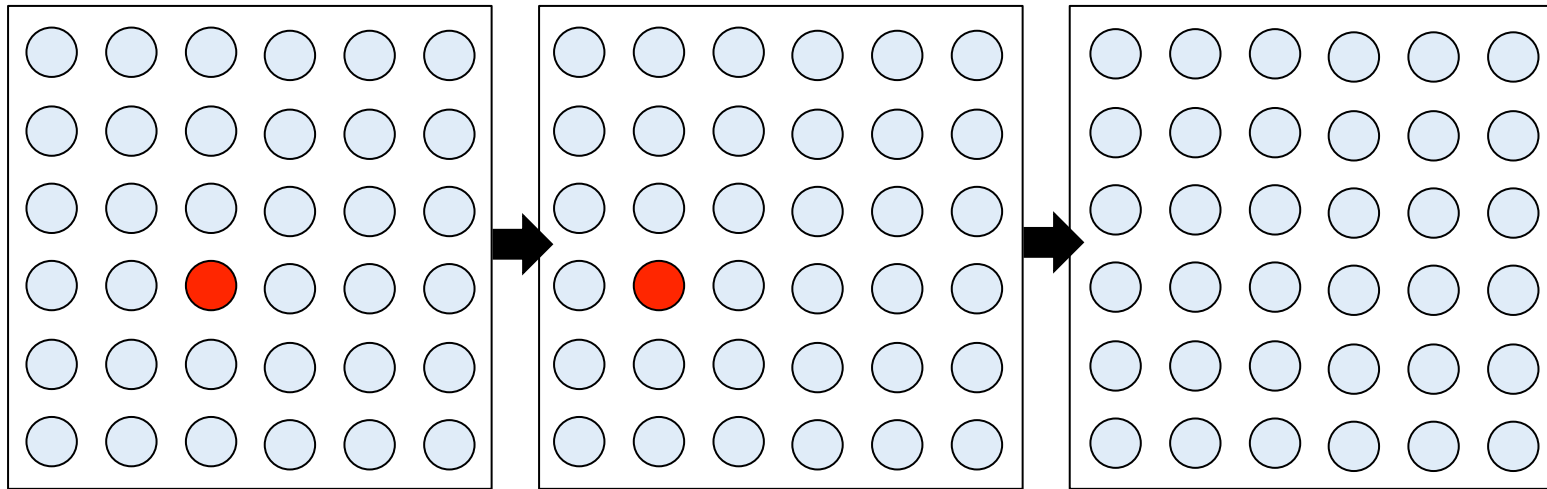
Muscles

Bones

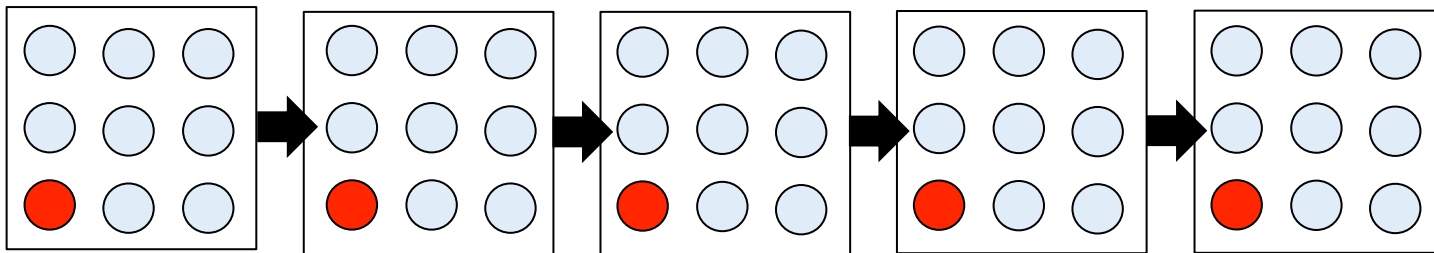


The Cost of Domestication

Demography & Purifying Selection



Deleterious



The Cost of Domestication

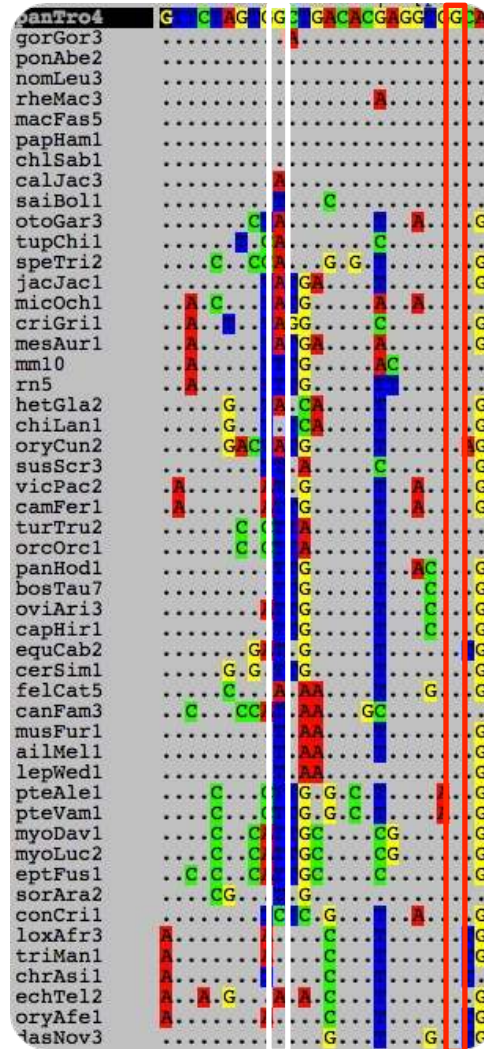
Quantifying Mutation Loads

GERP

(Conservation) Scores

Deficits of substitutions ~ a measure of constraint that reflects the strength of past purifying selection

From Davydov et al. PLoS Comp Biol 2010



The Cost of Domestication

Quantifying Mutation Loads

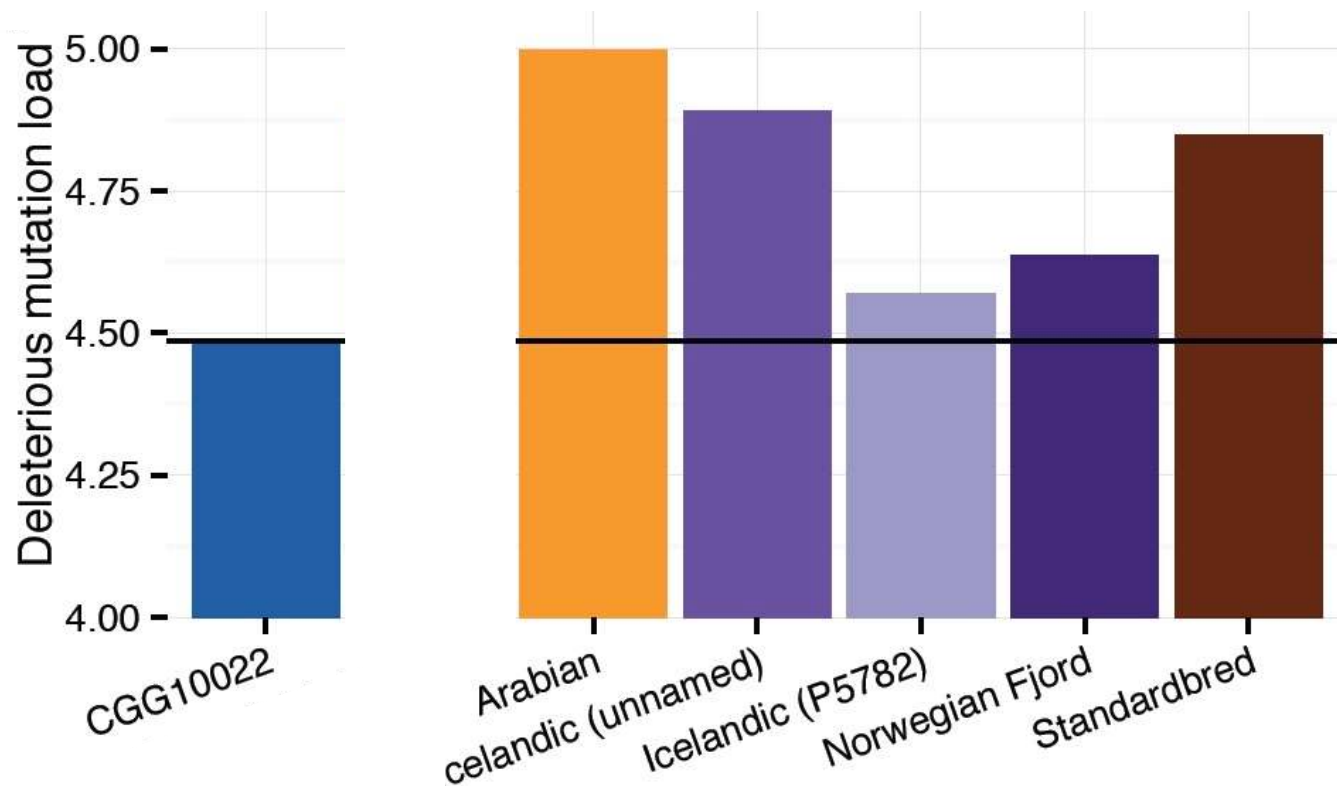
$$\text{Load}_k = \frac{\sum_i^n \# \text{DerivedAllele} \times \text{GERP}_i}{n}$$

Conditioned on:

- Homozygous Sites
- $\text{GERP} \geq 2$ (i.e. Non-Neutral)

The Cost of Domestication

Demography & Purifying Selection: Genetic Loads

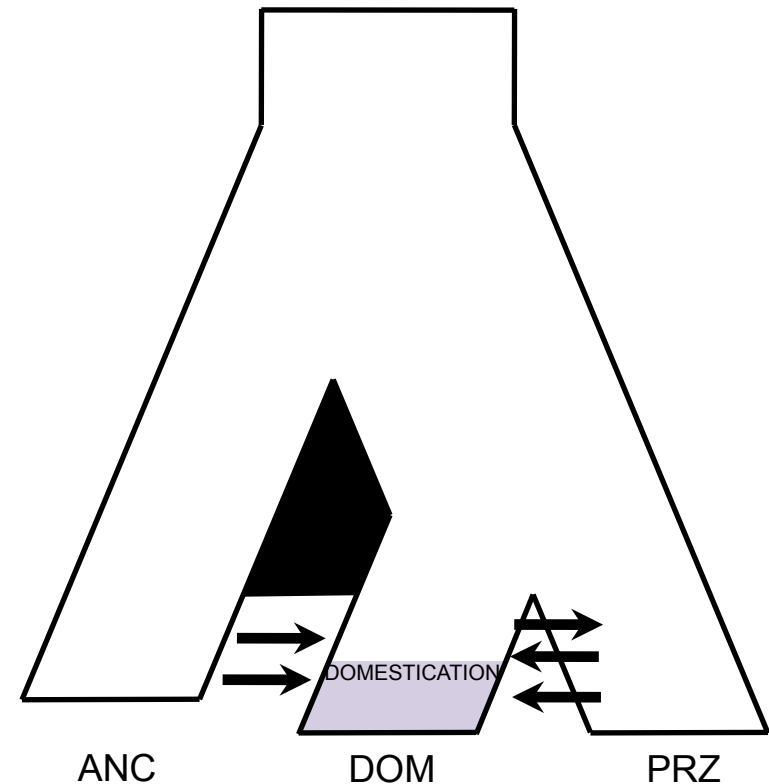


Kolmogorov-Smirnov (Holm-Correction)

The Genomics of Horse Domestication

Summary 2

- We discovered a now extinct population of Wild Horses
- This population significantly contributed to the genetic makeup of domesticated horses
- Locomotory, Physiological, Developmental and Behavioral Genes were domestication targets
- Horse domestication was costly and enhanced deleterious mutation loads

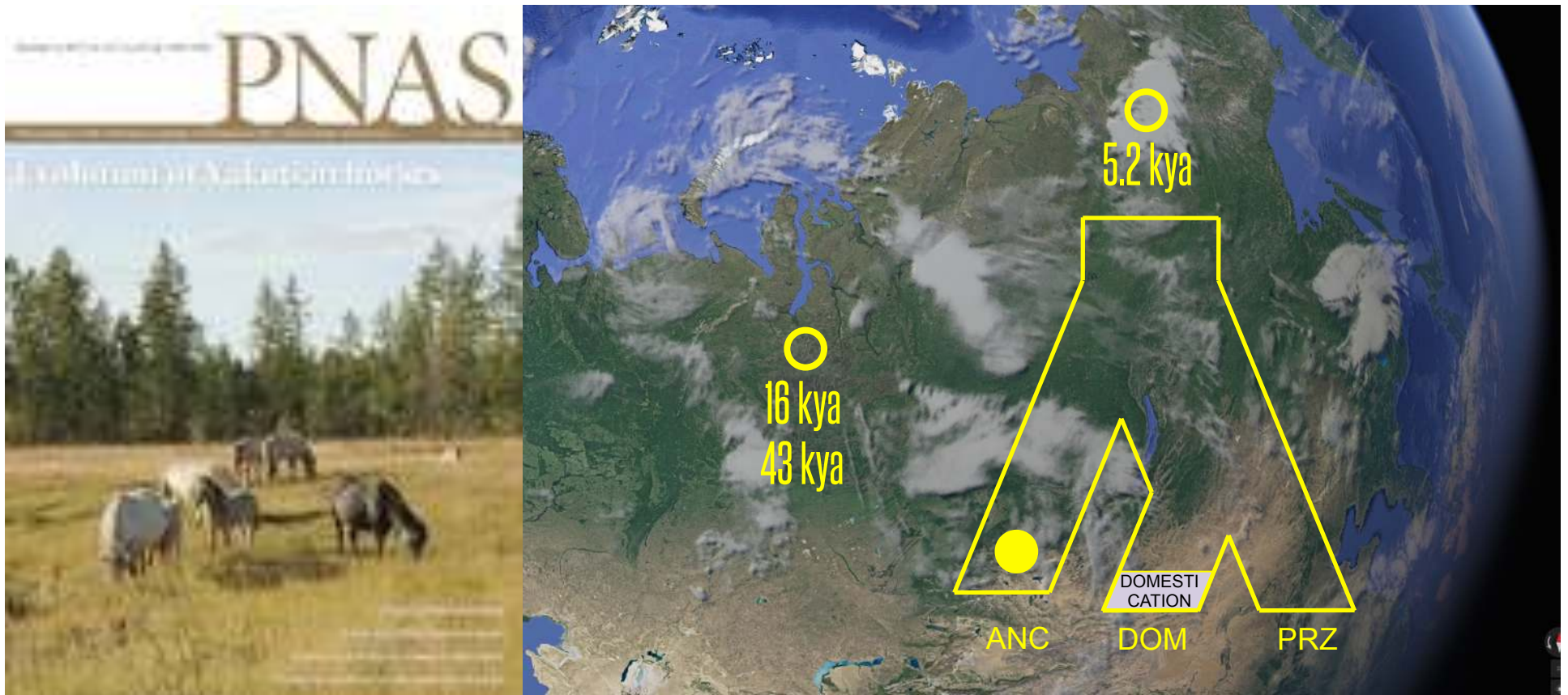


Schubert et al. PNAS 2014

Historical Genomes
Late Pleistocene Genomes
Holocene Genomes

The Genomics of Cold Adaptations

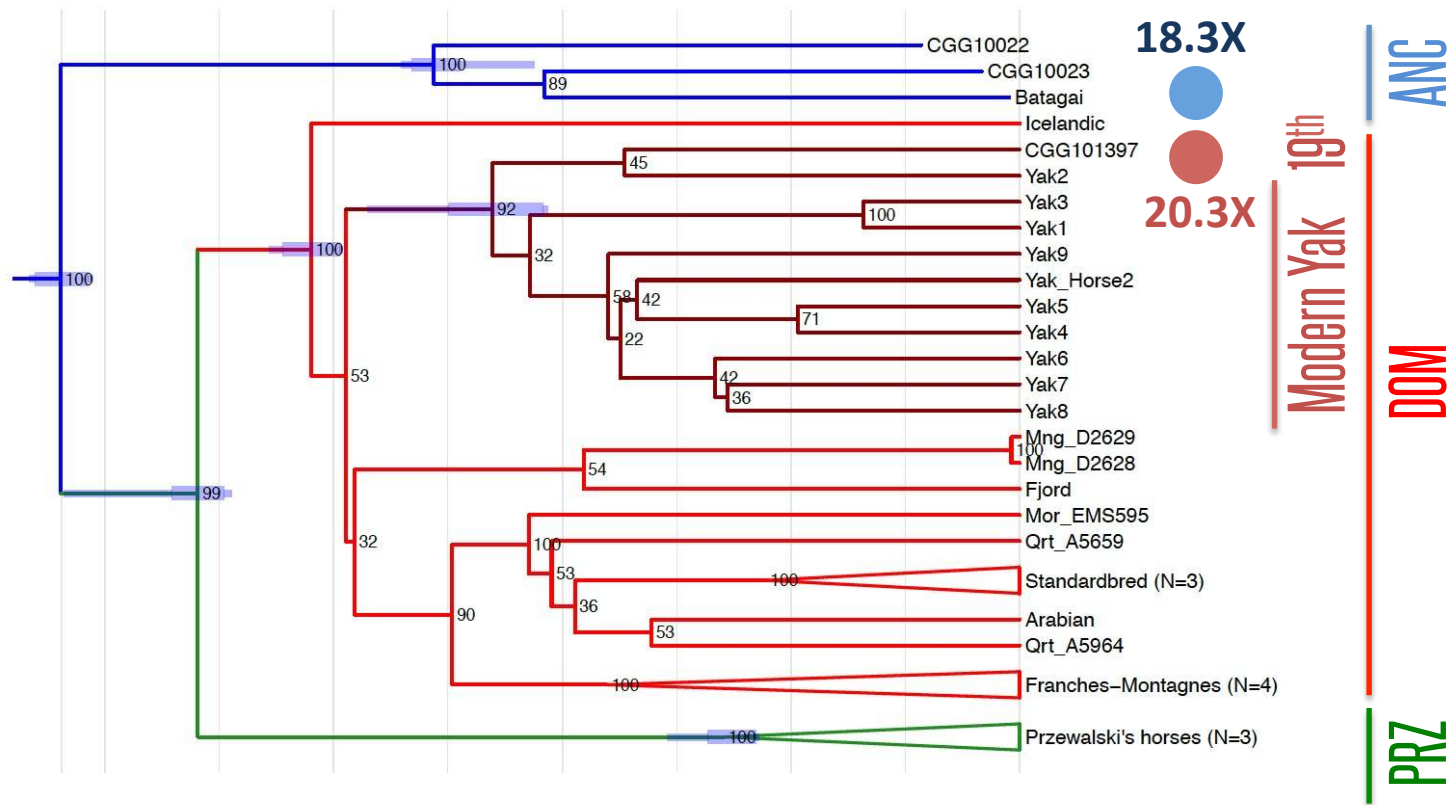
Evolutionary Origins of Yakutian Horses



Librado et al. PNAS 2015

The Genomics of Cold Adaptations

Evolutionary Origins of Yakutian Horses

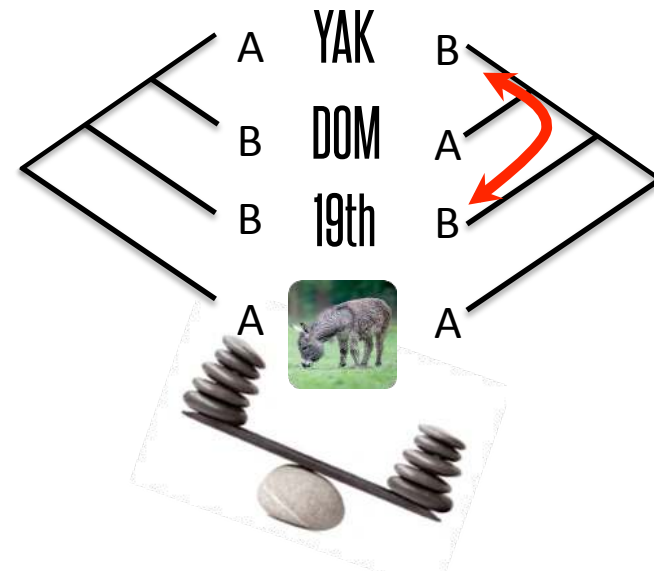
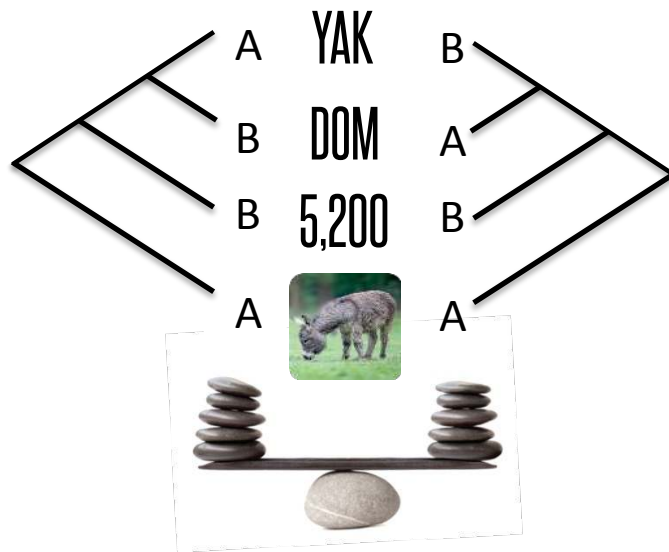


Whole-Exome (ExaML), SNP (TreeMix)

The Genomics of Cold Adaptations

Evolutionary Origins of Yakutian Horses

Admixture Tests

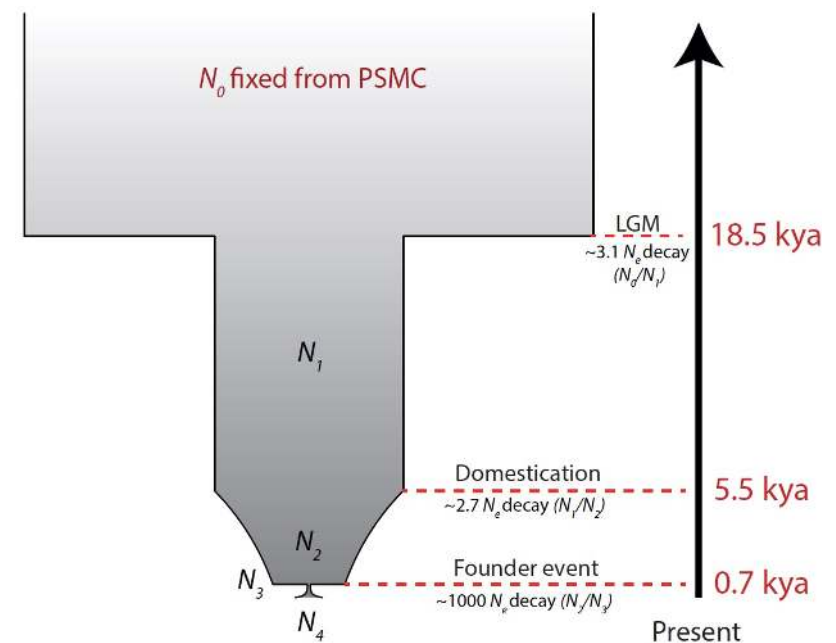
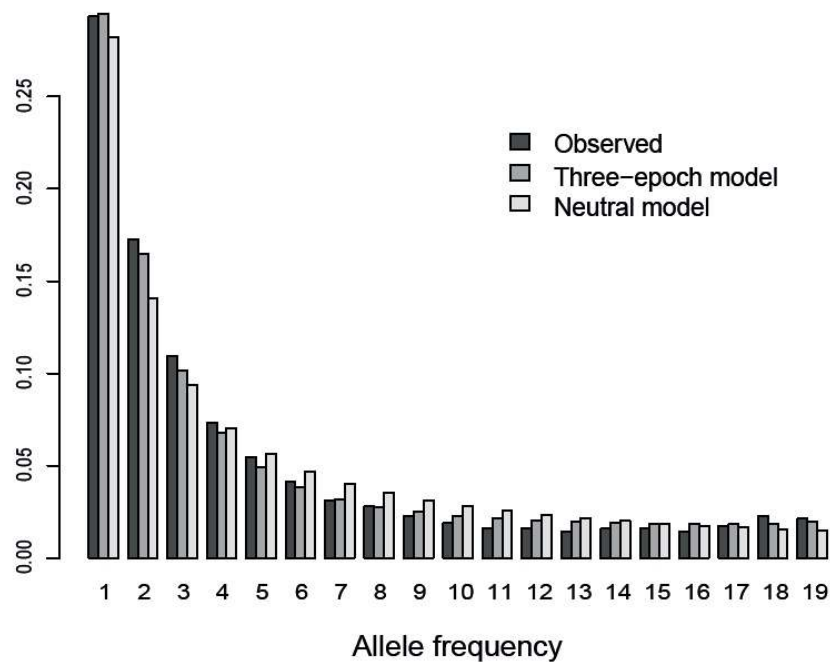


(f_3 - and) D-statistics

The Genomics of Cold Adaptations

Evolutionary Origins of Yakutian Horses

Demographic Model



dadi Analyses (SFS-based)

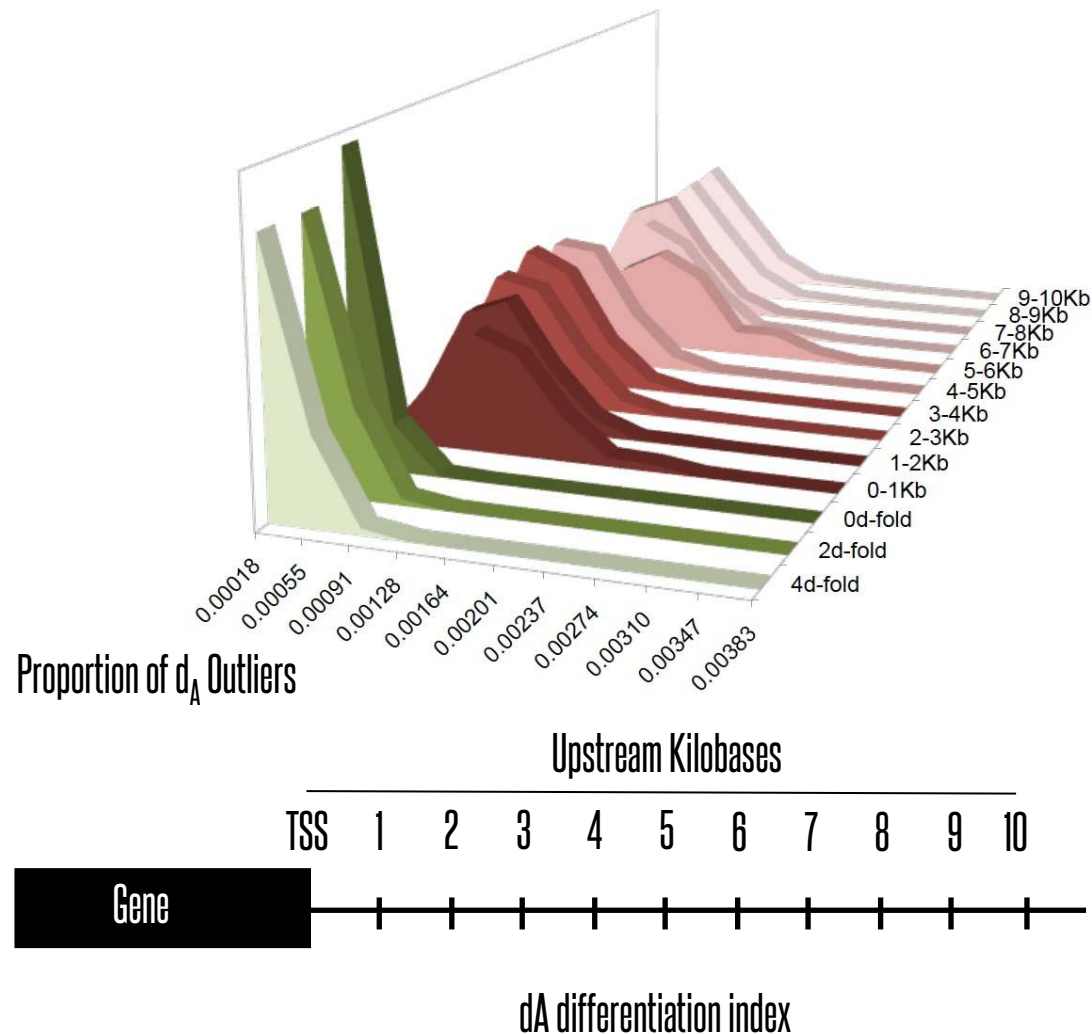
The Genomics of Cold Adaptations

Yakutian Horses: An extremely fast adaptive history



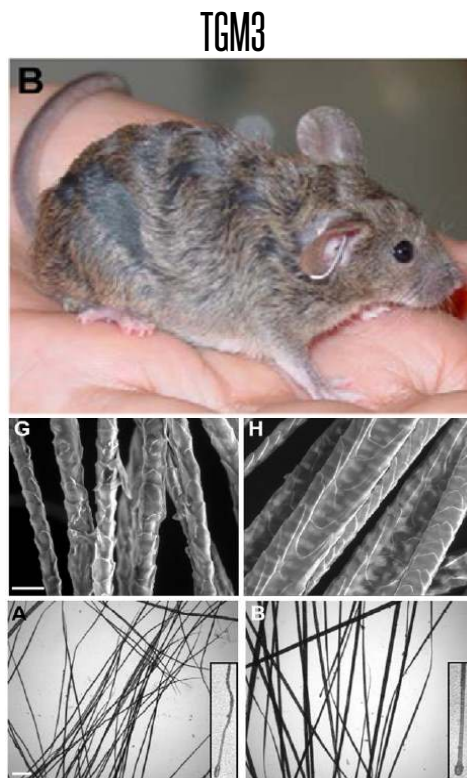
The Genomics of Cold Adaptations

The Genetic Makeup of Yakutian Horses

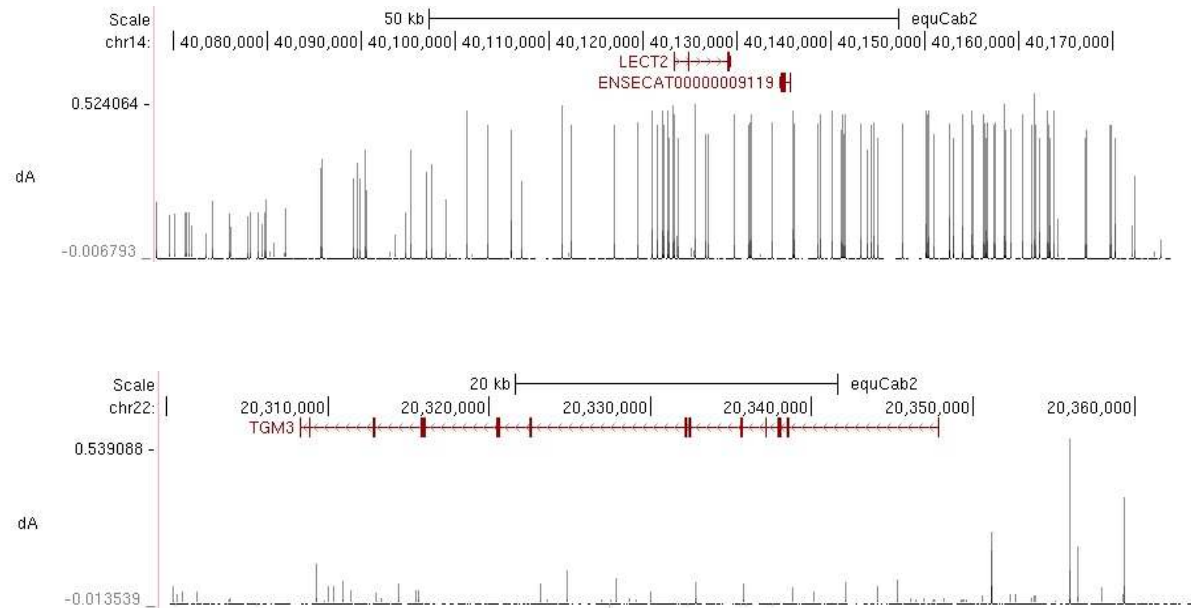


The Genomics of Cold Adaptations

The Genetic Makeup of Yakutian Horses



From John et al. PLoS One 2012



LECT2 and TGM3, 2 opposite cases of differentiation

The Genomics of Cold Adaptations

The Genetic Makeup of Yakutian Horses

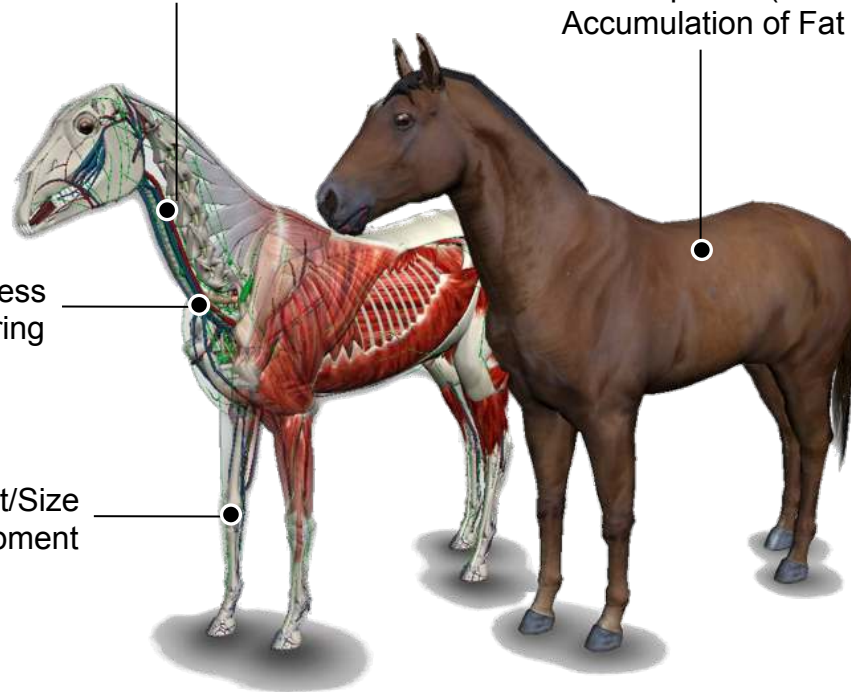


Hypothalamus-Pituitary-Adrenal Axis
Steroid metabolism & Hypothyroidism
Glycogenesis, Glucose Metabolism (**PHIP**)

Hair Development (**BARX2**)
Accumulation of Fat

Blood Volume & Oxidative Stress
Vasoconstriction (**PRKG1**) & Shivering

Body Weight/Size
Limb Development



Metabolic, Morphological and Physiological Traits

The Genomics of Cold Adaptations

Summary 3

- The third extinct population of wild horses survived at least until 4.4 kya, and extended to Far-Eastern Siberia
- Yakutian horses represent the descent of a recent founder event from domestic livestock
- Regulatory changes drive rapid adaptation to extreme environments



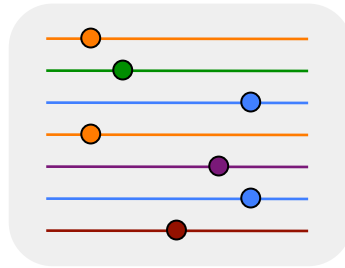
Librado et al. PNAS, Minor Revisions

Ongoing Work

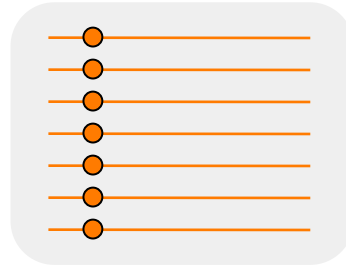
Candidate Domestication Genes

Scans for Positive Selection (& Admixture)

Late Pleistocene

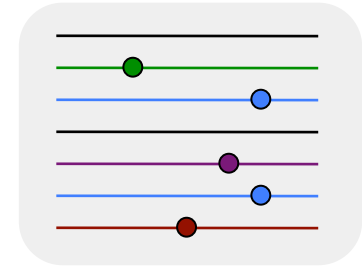
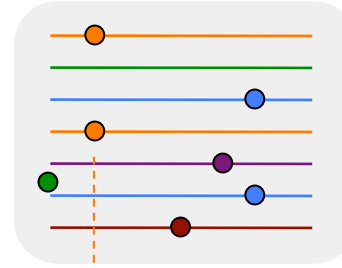


Now

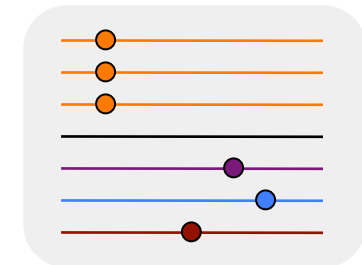
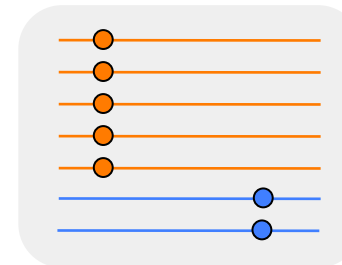


?

Time 1



Time 2



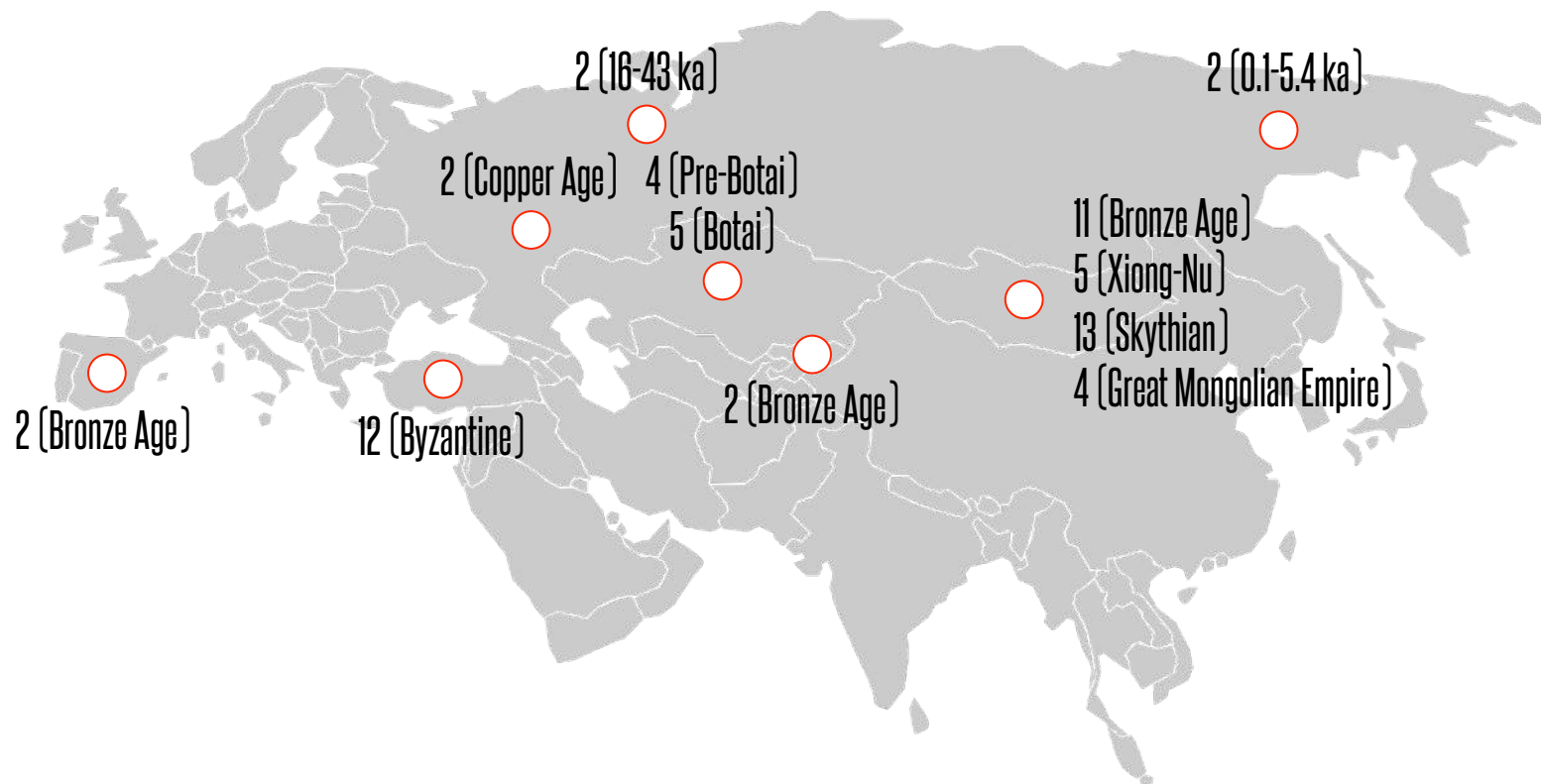
Location/Culture A

Location/Culture B



Candidate Domestication Genes

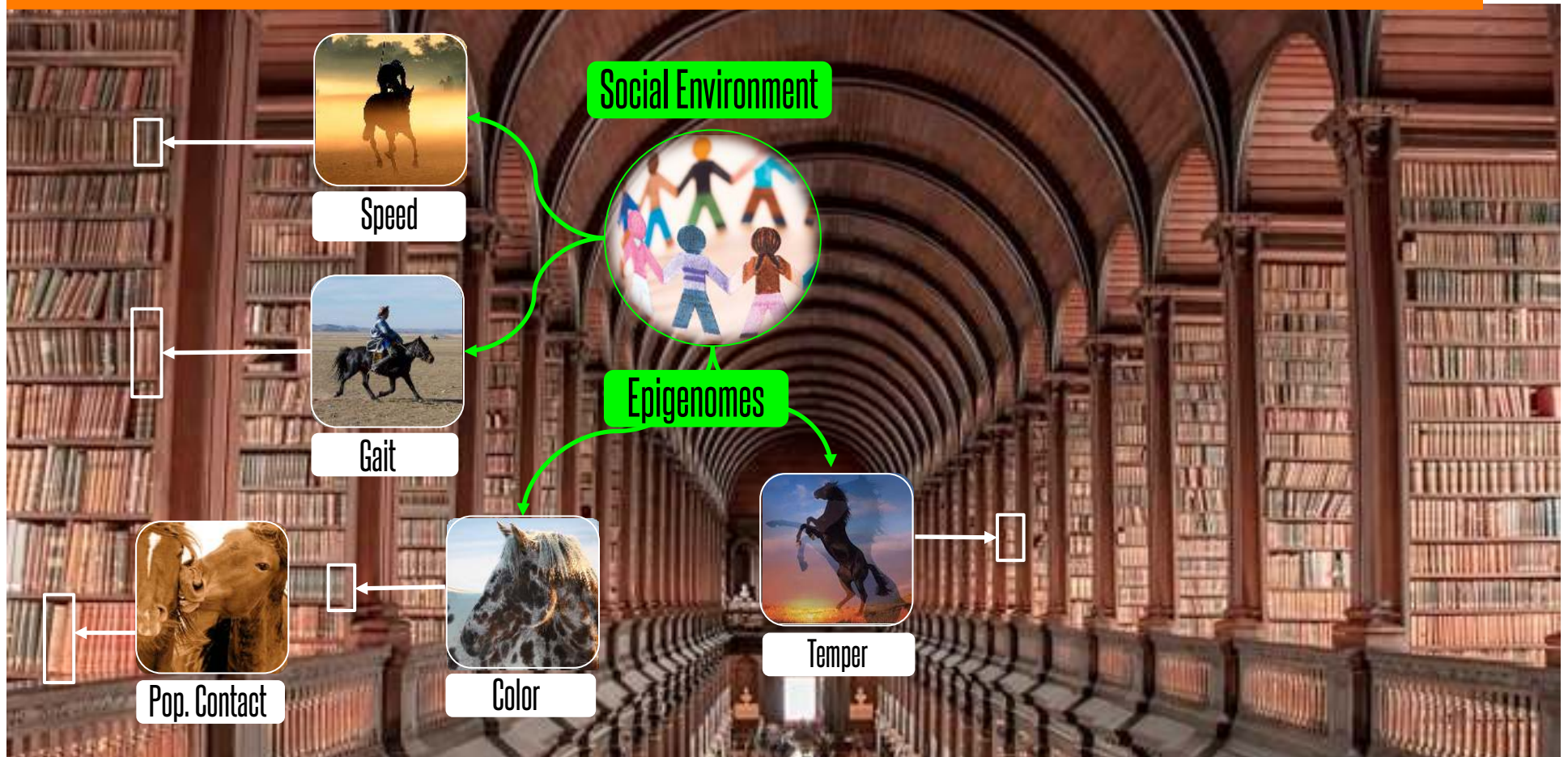
Scans for Positive Selection (& Admixture)



64 Medium (2-6X) to High (25X) Quality-Genomes



Providing Unprecedented Levels Of Information

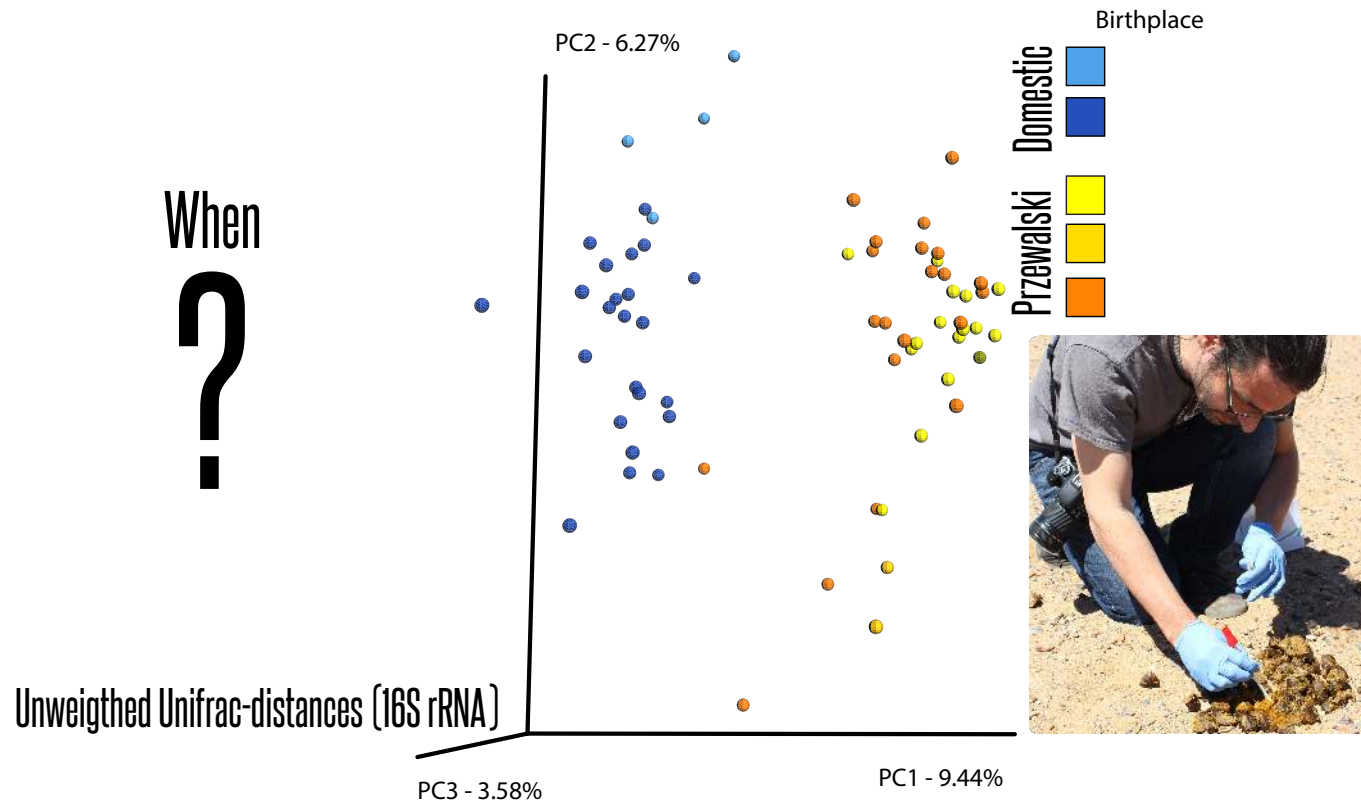


Genomes, Epigenomes & Oral Metagomes

Retrace Origins, Traits, Diet, Diseases & Social Influence

Evolutionary History

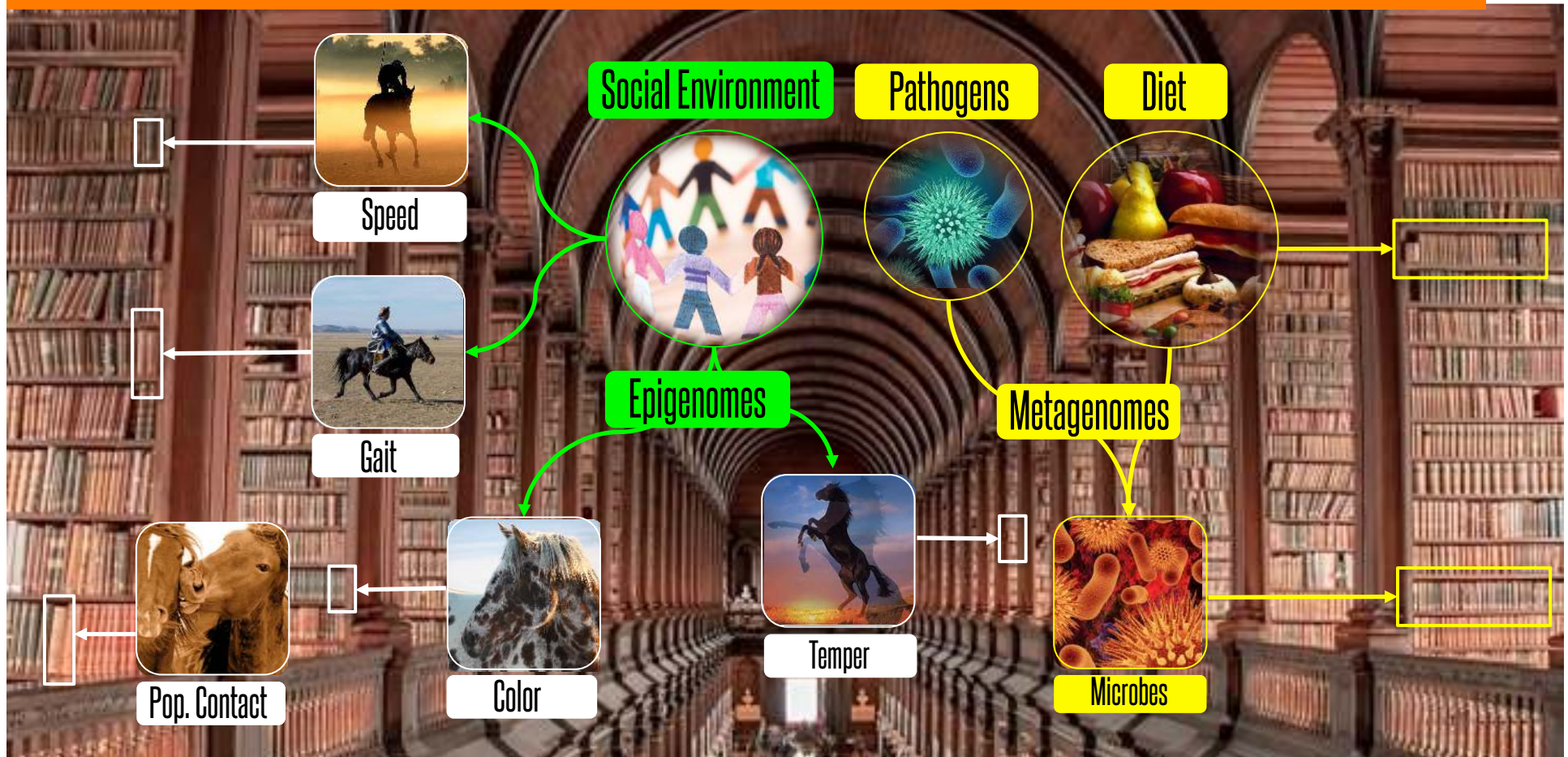
Gut Microbiomes: Preliminary Data



The Gut Microbiome of Domesticated and Przewalski's Horses
Is Differentiated, Supporting Domestication-Driven Changes



Providing Unprecedented Levels Of Information



Genomes, Epigenomes & Oral Metagomes

Retrace Origins, Traits, Diet, Diseases & Social Influence

Horses As A Unique Opportunity To Merge

(Ancient) DNA Genetics, History & Archaeology



Merging (Ancient) DNA, History and Archaeology

As Three Complementary Proxies For Studying The Past

Acknowledgements

P@leomix Group

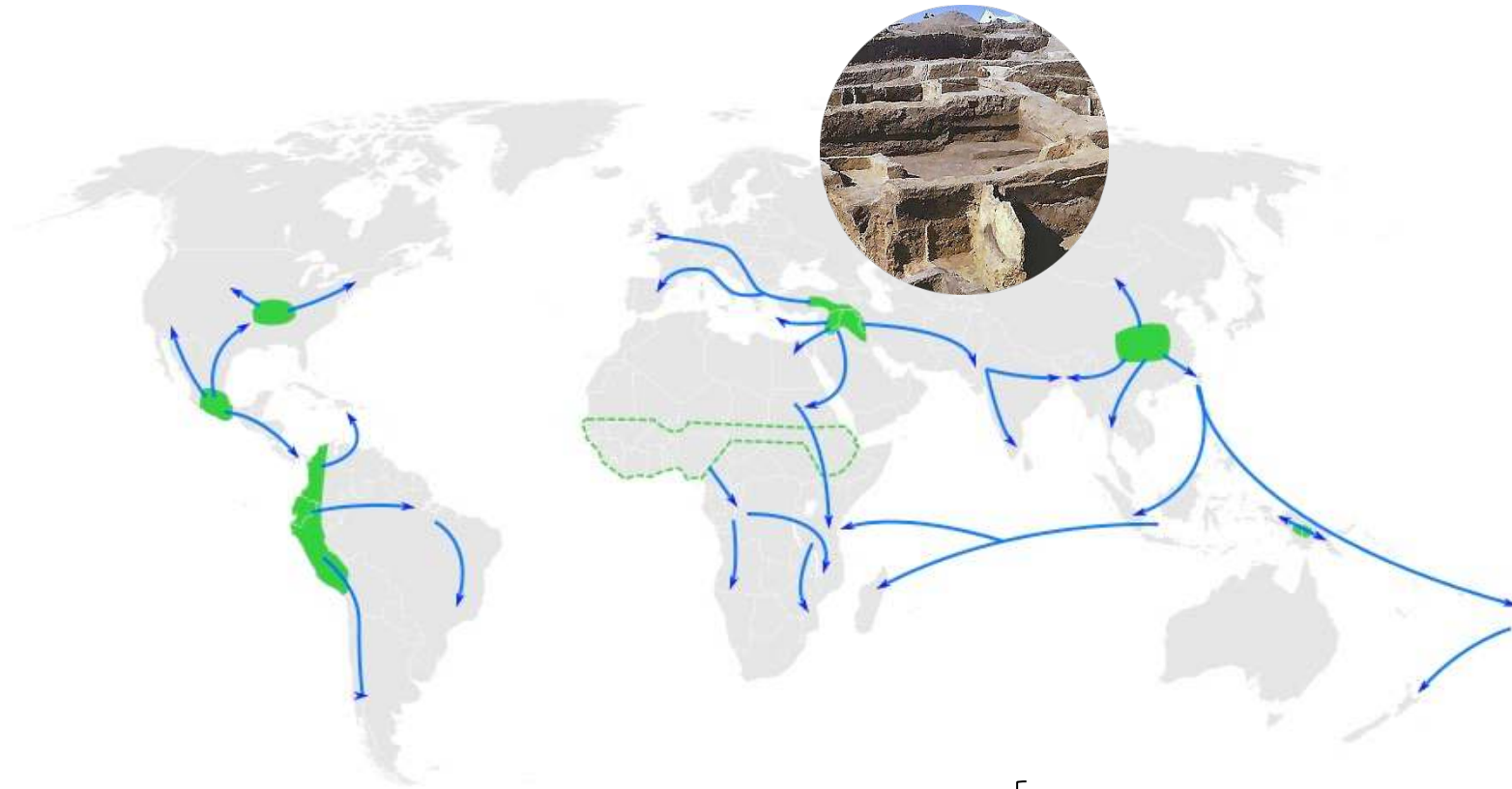
Danish High-Throughput DNA Sequencing Center

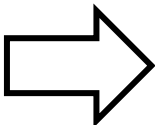
Eske Willerslev, Tom Gilbert, Filipe Viera; Anders Albrechtsen (Univ. Copenhagen); Thomas Sicheritz-Ponten, Bent Petersen (DTU, Denmark); Matteo Fumagalli (UCL) Oliver Ryder, Cynthia Steiner (San Diego Zoo); Arne Ludwig (IZW Berlin); Waltraut Zimmermann (EAZA Köln); Claudia Feh (Biological Station Valat); Renate Schafberg (Halle Univ.); Gila Bar Gal, Sagi Polani (Hebrew Univ.); Molly McCue (Univ. Minnesota); Tosso Leeb (Univ. Bern); Stefan Rieder, Markus Neuditschko, Vidhya Jagannathan (Agroscope Avenches) Beth Shapiro, Dan Chan (UCSC); Michi Hofreiter (Univ. Potsdam); Duane Froese (Univ. Alberta); Grant Zazula; Juha Kantanen (Univ. Eastern Finland); Egor Prokhortchouk, Artem Nedoluzhko, Eugenia Boulygina (Kurchatov Institute, Moscow); Eric Crubezy, Catherine Theves (Univ. Toulouse); Alexei Tikhonov, Natalia Abramson (Museum St Petersburg); Khaled Al-Rasheid, Ahmed H Alfarhan, Saleh A Alquraishi (King Saud Univ.); Rasmus Nielsen, Melinda Yang, Monty Slatkin (UC Berkeley); Laurent Excoffier, Isabelle Dupanloup, Adrien Foucal (Univ. Bern); Tomas Marques-Bonet, Belen Lorente-Galdos (Univ. Pompeu Fabra); Ed Rubin, Cindi Hoover (JGI); Leif Andersson, Calle Rubin (Univ. Uppsala)



The Process of (Animal) Domestication

The First Agricultural Revolution(s)



Huntering-Gathering  Farming

- Storage economy
- Demographic Expansion
- Sedentarism
- Societal differentiation